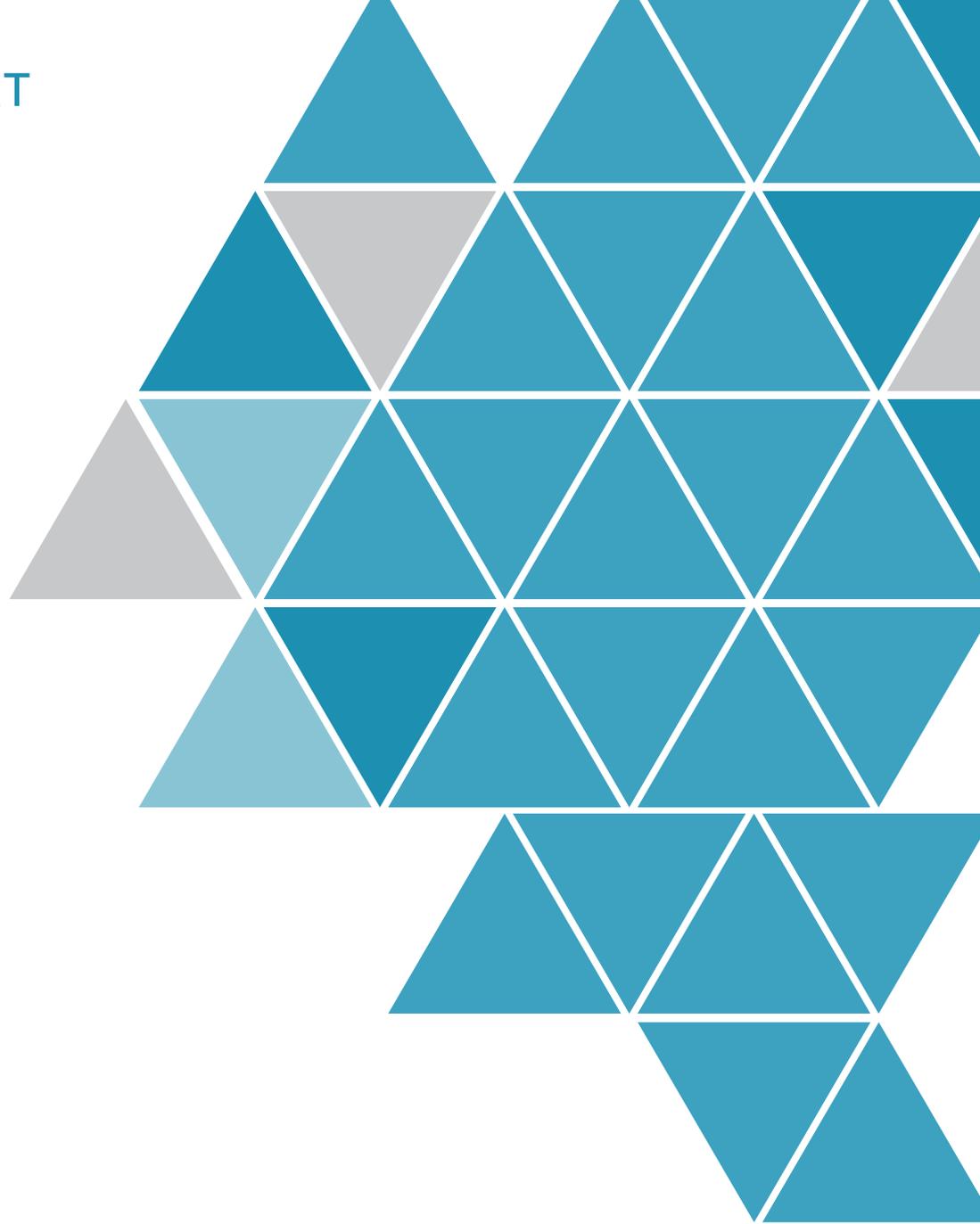


ANNUAL REPORT
2020/2021



**MERCANTILE SHIPPING
COMPANY PLC**



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Statutory Status

COMPANY NAME

Mercantile Shipping Company PLC

LEGAL FORM

Quoted Public Company with Limited Liability, Incorporated on the 17th of March 1981

Registered No. PQ 148

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

H A R K Wickramatileka (Chairman)

T Kriwat (Managing Director)

Capt K Kriwat

(Mrs) C D A Peiris

Capt R E G Codipilly

M S P Gunawardena

P A Nandasena

(Mrs) W C Jayasinghe (Resigned w e f 31.07.2021)

B A D P S Samaranayake (Resigned w e f 31.12.2020)

W S Weeraman (Appointed w e f 01.01.2021)

(Mrs) Y S Wettasinghe (Appointed w e f 09.08.2021)

C C Wickramatileka (Appointed w e f 16.08.2021)

CORPORATE SECRETARIES

Managers & Secretaries (Pvt) Ltd

BANKERS

Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young (Chartered Accountants)

LAWYERS

Dissanayake Amaratunga Associates

(Attorneys-at-Law & Notaries Public)

REGISTERED OFFICE

108, Aluthmawatha Road

Colombo 15, Sri Lanka

Tel: +94 11 4489900

Fax: +94 11 4489999

E-mail: info@mercmarine.net

Web: www.mercmarine.net

Annual General Meeting

NOTICE OF MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 40th Annual General Meeting of Mercantile Shipping Company PLC will be held on 28th September 2021 at 2.30 p.m. via zoom platform Audio/Video at the Registered Office of the Company, Mercantile Shipping Company PLC No.108, Aluthmawatha Road, Colombo 15 for the following purposes:

Agenda

1. To receive and consider the Annual Report of the Board of Directors on the affairs of the Company for the year ended 31st March 2021 and the Report of the Auditors thereon.
2. To re-elect Capt. R E G Codipilly who retires by rotation in terms of Article No. 86 of the Articles of Association of the Company, and being eligible has offered himself for re-election as a Director.
3. To appoint Mr C C Wickramatileka who has been appointed to the Board since the last Annual General Meeting in terms of Article 91 of the Articles of Association of the Company, being eligible for re-election.
4. To re-appoint following Directors, to the Board in terms of Section 211 of the Companies Act No.07 of 2007;
 - a) Captain K Kriwat retires and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment. Accordingly, the following resolution to be passed for this purpose, if thought fit.

IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED:

that Captain K Kriwat, who has reached the age of 81 as a Director in terms of Section 211 of the Companies Act No. 7 of 2007 be and hereby is re-appointed and it is specially declared that the age limit referred to in Section 210 of the Companies Act No. 7 of 2007 shall not apply to the said Captain K Kriwat.

- b) Mr M S P Gunawardena retires and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment. Accordingly, the following resolution to be passed for this purpose, if thought fit.

IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED:

that Mr M S P Gunawardena, who has reached the age of 70 as a Director in terms of Section 211 of the Companies Act No. 7 of 2007 be and hereby is re-appointed and it is specially declared that the age limit referred to in Section 210 of the Companies Act No. 7 of 2007 shall not apply to the said Mr M S P Gunawardena.

- c) Mr P A Nandasena who will retire during the year in terms of Section 211 of the Companies Act No.07 of 2007 and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment.

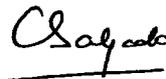
Accordingly, the following resolution to be passed for this purpose, if thought fit.

IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED:

that Mr P A Nandasena, who would reach the age of 70 as a Director in terms of Section 211 of the Companies Act No. 7 of 2007 be and hereby is re-appointed and it is specially declared that the age limit referred to in Section 210 of the Companies Act No. 7 of 2007 shall not apply to the said Mr P A Nandasena.

5. To re-appoint the Auditors Messrs Ernst & Young and to authorize the Board of Directors to determine their remuneration.
6. To authorise Directors to determine contribution to Charities.
7. To consider any other business of which due notice has been given.

By Order of the Board



(Ms) C S Salgado
Managers & Secretaries (Private) Limited
Company Secretaries
Colombo

02nd September 2021

Note:

1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the above meeting is required to complete and submit a pre-registration form in order to ensure participation at the AGM of the Company. A Pre- registration form is enclosed for this purpose to be completed by Mercantile Shipping Company PLC Shareholders only.
2. A member entitled to attend and vote at the above meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote in his/her behalf. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. A form of proxy is enclosed for this purpose.
3. Only members of Mercantile Shipping Company PLC are entitled to take part at the AGM of Mercantile Shipping Company PLC.
4. The instruments for Pre-registration and appointing a proxy must be completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company Secretaries, Managers & Secretaries (Private) Limited, No.8, Tickell Road, Colombo 08 or e-mailed to ishani@msl.lk not less than forty-eight hours prior to the time appointed for holding the meeting.

The Chairman's Review – 2020/2021

I welcome you all to the 40th Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The last year has been the most catastrophic year for businesses all over as Covid raged through the entire world and continues to plague the world.

The economy continues to be eroded. Needless to comment, that this impact on the world trade continues to hinder the progress of all business in general, particularly shipping.

The situation we are now is that due to the same reasons we have not been able to complete the process of the liquidation of the subsidiary Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd.

We continue to await the unconditional tax clearance from the Department of Inland Revenue after which will follow the closure of Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd, the 100% owned subsidiary of the Company. It is no longer reflected in the consolidated accounts as it is in the process of liquidation.

Mercantile Global Shipping Ltd which ceased operations many years ago continues to be reflected since it awaits a refund of WHT from the Department of Inland Revenue. Consolidation is limited to this aspect.

Meanwhile Mercantile Shipping Company PLC is now in a clean state free of liabilities to start new business ventures. The Company no longer receives any income from shipping operations due to the sale of the ships.

We, as a Board have discussed the options available. We have been looking for new investors with a view to diversification of business, however, in the uncertainty of the situation locally and internationally resulting from the COVID 19 pandemic, we are not able to see a way forward, regarding future business. Hence, we are compelled to monitor the situation as we maintain the investment properties in their status and wait for the opportune moment.

Mercantile Shipping Company PLC continues to receive a stable flow of income from rent which is sufficient to meet the basic needs for its current operation at its reduced level of cost.

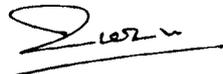
The Company has accounted for a net profit of Rs.314.318 for the year 2020/2021.

It is with deep appreciation that I wish to express my sincere thanks to the staff and management who continue to patiently steer the process.

I would like to conclude by thanking my fellow Board Members for their unstinted support throughout this very difficult year.

I also wish to thank the Shareholders especially, for their understanding and continuing patience. We kindly request your support as we continue to face challenges in the prevailing economic conditions.

And last, but not least extend my sincere appreciation to all other stakeholders, for their commitment and support to the Company.



H A R K Wickramatileka
Chairman
Colombo

26th August 2021

Annual Report of the Board of Directors On the Affairs of the Company

The Directors are pleased to submit their report together with the Audited Accounts for the Company and the Group, for the year ended 31st March 2021, to be presented at the 40th Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Review of the Year

The Chairman's review on page 04 describes the Company's affairs and mentions important events that occurred during the year, and up to the date of this report. This report together with the audited financial statements reflect the state of the affairs of the Company.

Principal Activities / Core Business

The principal activities of the Company was limited to investment activities and renting of investment properties.

Financial Statements

The financial statements prepared in compliance with the requirements of Section 151 of the Companies Act No 7 of 2007 are given on page 21 to 56 in this annual report.

Independent Auditor's Report

The Auditor's Report on the financial statements is given on page 18 to 20 in this report.

Related Party Transaction Review Committee Report

The subject report on the Company's Related Party Transactions is given on page 12 to 13 in this report.

Accounting Policies

The Accounting Policies adopted in preparation of the financial statements are given on pages 25 to 36. There were no changes in Accounting Policies adopted by the Company during the year under review.

Financial Results/Profit and Appropriations

The Income Statement is set out on page 21.

Property, Plant & Equipment

Information relating to movement in Property, Plant & Equipment during the year is disclosed under Note 11 to the financial statements.

Market Value of Freehold Land

The property owned by the Company at 441, K Cyril C Perera Mawatha, Colombo 13 was last measured for fair value on the 02nd of April 2021 by Mr M C Abdul Malic, a Chartered Valuer, to an amount of Rs. 74.12 million.

The property owned by the Company at 108, Aluthmawatha Road, Colombo 15 was last measured for fair value on the 02nd of April 2021 by Mr M C Abdul Malic, a Chartered Valuer, to an amount of Rs. 223 million.

Investments

Details of long-term Investments held by the Company are given in Note 12 to the financial statements on page 43 to 45.

Directors' Responsibilities

The Statement of the Directors' Responsibilities is given on page 10 of this report.

Corporate Governance

The Company has complied with the Corporate Governance rules laid down under the Listing Rules of the Colombo Stock Exchange, and is given on page 10 to 17.

Dividend

The Directors do not recommend payment of a dividend for the financial year ended 31st March 2021.

Reserves

The Reserves and Accumulated Profit/Losses of the Company as at 31st March 2021 amount to Rs. 34,911,598/- as against a reserve of Rs.34,597,280/- as at 31st March 2020. The breakup and the movement are shown in the Statement of Changes in Equity in the financial statements.

Stated Capital

As per the terms of the Companies Act No. 7 of 2007, the Stated Capital of the Company is Rs 37,262,606/- as at 31st March 2021. The details are given in Note 18 to the financial statement on page 49.

Post Balance Sheet Events

There were no material events occurring after the Balance Sheet date that require adjustments, or disclosure which require adjustment in the Financial Statements other than those mentioned in Note 24 to the Financial Statements.

Going Concerns

The Directors have reviewed the Company's business plans and are satisfied that the Company can continue as a going concern in the foreseeable future. As such, the financial statements have been prepared on that basis for Mercantile Shipping Company PLC.

Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd is currently under a creditors' voluntary liquidation as per the decision made in the creditors meeting held on 23rd July 2020, and a liquidator was appointed and published in the government gazette accordingly. Therefore, Mercantile Shipping Company PLC lost their controlling power over Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd w e f 23rd July 2020. As a result of that the group derecognized the subsidiary in the consolidated financial statements.

Annual Report of the Board of Directors On the Affairs of the Company (Contd...)

Currently Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd is awaiting an unconditional tax clearance to finalize the liquidation.

The financial statements of Mercantile Global Shipping Limited have been prepared on other than a going concern basis.

Statutory Payments

The declaration relating to Statutory Payments is made in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 10.

Interests Register

Details of the transactions with Director-related entities are disclosed in Note 25 and 26 to the financial statements on page 53 to 54, and have been declared at the Board meeting, pursuant to Section 192 (2) of the Companies Act No. 7 of 2007.

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

Following are the names of the Directors comprising the Audit Committee of the Board and their attendance at the meetings.

Name of Director	Attendance
P A Nandasena (Acting Chairman)	3/3
Capt R E G Codipilly	2/3
M S P Gunawardena	3/3
(Mrs) W C Jayasinghe (Resigned w e f 31.07.2021)	3/3
C C Wickramatileka (Chairman) (Appointed w e f 16.08.2021)	-
(Mrs) Y S Wettasinghe (appointed w e f 26.08.2021)	-

Remuneration Committee

Following are the names of the Directors comprising the Remuneration Committee of the Board and their attendance at the meetings.

Name of Director	Attendance
P A Nandasena (Acting Chairman)	1/1
Capt. R E G Codipilly	0/1
M S P Gunawardena	1/1

Related Party Transaction Review Committee

Following are the names of the Directors comprising the Related Party Transaction Review Committee and their attendance at the meetings.

Name of Director	Attendance
P A Nandasena (Acting Chairman)	3/3
M S P Gunawardena	3/3

B A D P S Samaranyake (Resigned w e f 31.12.2020)	1/3
(Mrs) Y S Wettasinghe (appointed w e f 16.08.2021)	-

The Board of Directors declared that, the Related Party Transactions of the Company during the financial year have been reviewed by the Related Party Transactions Review Committee and is in compliance with Section 9 of the CSE Listing Rules and Sri Lanka Accounting Standards (LKAS 24). In accordance with CSE listing rules- Section 9.2.2, the Committee consists of Non-executive Directors, among them majority being independent.

The Committee normally reviews and updates the Board of Directors once in every quarter about its review and its findings on the Related Party Transactions.

Share Information and Substantial Shareholdings

The distribution of shareholding, market value of shares and twenty largest Shareholders are given in page 57 to 58.

The earnings per share, dividends per share, net assets per share are given in Financial Highlights on page 59 of this Annual Report.

Directors

The Directors of the Company as at 31st March 2021 and their brief profiles are given on page 8 to 9 in this report.

During the year under review the Board met on 03 occasions. The attendance at these meetings were as follows;

Name of Director	Attendance
H A R K Wickramatileka	03/03
Capt K Kriwat (By Proxy)	03/03
T Kriwat (Director/ Alternate Director to Captain Klaus Kriwat) (By Proxy)	03/03
(Mrs) C D A Peiris	03/03
Capt R E G Codipilly	02/03
M S P Gunawardena	03/03
P A Nandasena	03/03
(Mrs) W C Jayasinghe (Resigned w e f 31.07.2021)	03/03
B A D P S Samaranyake (Resigned w e f 31.12.2020)	02/03
W S Weeraman (appointed w e f 01.01.2021)	01/03
(Mrs) Y S Wettasinghe (Appointed w e f 09.08.2021)	-
C C Wickramatileka (Appointed w e f 16.08.2021)	-

Annual Report of the Board of Directors On the Affairs of the Company (Contd...)

Consequent to the resignation of Mr B A D P S Samaranayake effective 31.12.2020 and Mrs. W C Jayasinghe effective 31.07.2021, Mr W S Weeraman and (Mrs) Y S Wettasinghe were appointed in their place representing Ceylon Shipping Corporation Limited on 01.01.2021 and on 09.08.2021 respectively. Also Mr C C Wickramatileka was appointed to the Board w e f 16.08.2021.

In accordance with Section 210 of the Companies Act No 7 of 2007, the following Directors retire and being eligible have offered themselves for re-appointment.

Captain K Kriwat
M S P Gunawardena
P A Nandasena

Directors' Shareholding

The interest of the Directors in the shares of the Company as at 31st March were as follows;

	No. of Ordinary Shares as at 31.03.2021	No. of Ordinary Shares as at 31.03.2020
H A R K Wickramatileka	11,414	11,414
Capt R E G Codipilly	4,162	4,162

Independence of Directors

In accordance with Rule 7.10.2 of Colombo Stock Exchange Rules on Corporate Governance ('CSECG Rules'),

Capt K Kriwat
H A R K Wickramatileka
Capt R E G Codipilly
M S P Gunawardena
P A Nandasena
W S Weeraman
(Mrs) Y S Wettasinghe
C C Wickramatileka

who are Non-Executive Directors of the Company, have submitted a signed and dated declaration to the Board, of the status of their independence.

Donations

There were no donations made during the year.

Auditors

The resolutions to appoint the present Auditors, Messrs Ernst & Young Chartered Accountants, who have expressed their willingness to continue in office, will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

The following payments were made to them during the year:

	Company Rs.	Group Rs
Audit Fees	523,435	1,422,929
Fees for other services (Tax related work)	696,866	983,025

As far as the Directors are aware, the Auditors do not have any relationship or interest in the Company. The Audit Committee reviews the appointment of the Auditors, its effectiveness and its relationship with the Company including the level of audit and non-audit fees paid to the Auditor. Details on the work of the Audit Committee are set out under Corporate Governance.

Notice of Meeting

The Annual General Meeting will be held on 28th September 2021 at 2.30 p.m. via zoom platform Audio/Video at the Registered Office of the Company, Mercantile Shipping Company PLC No.108, Aluthmawatha Road, Colombo 15

The Notice of the Annual General Meeting appears on page 03.

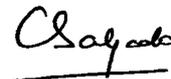
For and on behalf of the Board



H A R K Wickramatileka
Chairman



P A Nandasena
Director



Managers & Secretaries (Pvt) Ltd
Secretaries

Colombo
26th August 2021

Director's Profiles

H A R K Wickramatileka

Fellow Member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka

B.Sc. (Public Administration) Postgraduate Diploma in Professional Shipping, Norwegian Shipping Academy, Oslo, Norway

Appointed to the Mercantile Shipping Company PLC Board in May 1991. Held the position of Director Finance for over 15 years and presently serving as the Chairman of the Company. He is a Director and Audit Committee Chairman of Colombo Dockyard PLC and also a Director of several other companies. He is the Chairman of Royali Power (Pvt) Ltd., Royali Homes and Lands (Pvt) Ltd., Ceylon Eco Spices (Pvt) Ltd. and Ceylon Eco Fields (Pvt) Ltd.

T Kriwat

Solicitor at Law in Germany

Appointed to the Mercantile Shipping Company PLC Board in October 2000. He is the Managing Director of Mercantile Shipping Company PLC and Reederei Eugen Friederich, Germany, the main shareholder of the Company at present. He is the Chairman of Mercantile Marine Management Ltd. and a Director of Asia Marine Colombo (Pvt) Ltd. He is also a Director of a number of shipping companies in Germany with more than 18 years of experience in Shipping and Ship Management.

Capt K Kriwat

Master Mariner

Founder Director of Mercantile Shipping Company PLC and was the Deputy Chairman of the Company. His career extends to more than 50 years at sea and on shore with a wealth of experience in Shipping and Ship Management.

(Mrs) C D A Peiris

Fellow Member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants (FCMA) UK

Chartered Global Management Accountant (CGMA)

Appointed to the Mercantile Shipping Company PLC Board in April 2016. She possesses a combination of financial expertise in a variety of commercial and non-commercial organizations with a service record of over 36 years. Presently serving as Director in the Boards of Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd, and Mercantile Shipping Agencies Ltd. She also serves on the Boards of other noncommercial institutions.

Capt R E G Codipilly

Master Mariner Holder of Masters' FG Certification from the Commonwealth of Australia

Appointed to the Mercantile Shipping Company PLC Board in May 2016. His career extends more than 40 years both at sea and on shore with experience in shipping, ship management and seafarer training. He is the Chief Executive Officer of Mercantile Marine Management Limited, one of the largest ship management companies in Sri Lanka. He is also a Director of Mercantile Seamen Training Institute Ltd (MSTI) and Asia Marine Colombo (Pvt) Ltd. He is the Country Representative of the International Maritime Employers' Council (IMEC)-London and the Trustee of the National Union of Seafarers Trust of Sri Lanka.

M S P Gunawardena

Attorney at Law of the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka and Notary Public LLB, University of Colombo Postgraduate Diploma in Professional Shipping, Norwegian Shipping Academy, Oslo, Norway Postgraduate Diploma in Maritime Law and Insurance, Oslo, Norway

Appointed to the Mercantile Shipping Company PLC Board in May 2016 with over 30 years of experience in the shipping trade with an expertise in Maritime Law and Insurance. Joined Ceylon Shipping Corporation as a Management Trainee and elevated to the post of General Manager through ranks and worked over 10 years in that capacity. Presently a practicing lawyer in Colombo.

P A Nandasena

LLB, University of Colombo

Appointed to the Mercantile Shipping Company PLC Board in October 2016 with over 30 years of experience in the public and private sector organizations in the Senior Management and Director positions. He is presently serving as the Acting Chairman of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and the Related Party Transactions Review Committee of the Company. Held the positions of Director SD&CC, Devco-Showa Ltd, Mahaweli Livestock Co. Ltd, PHDT, Director General Southern Development Authority and Chairman Ruhunu Venture Capital Co. Ltd. in addition to several private sector companies. Further, having an intermediate qualification from the Institute of Chartered Accountants and Articled at Ford Rhodes Thornton & Co. holding FMAAT membership, he held very senior positions in the field of Finance in the Government and Private Sector local and foreign.

Directors Profile (Contd...)

W.S. Weeraman

Enrolled as an Attorney-at-Law in 1996

Appointed to the Mercantile Shipping Company PLC Board in January 2021. He is presently serving as the Chairman of Ceylon Shipping Corporation Ltd since December 2019 and is a Director for Magampura Port Management Company (Pvt) Ltd.

He served as the Vice Chairman and Managing Director of Sri Lanka Ports Authority and also served as Vice Chairman of Hambantota International Port Services Company.

He also held the position of Director for Hambantota International Port Group Ltd, CICT, SAGT, JCT and Consumer Affairs Authority.

(Mrs) Y S Wettasinghe

BSc (Physical Science), University of Sri Jayawardenapura, Sri Lanka,

Master's Degree in Shipping Management, World Maritime University, Malmo, Sweden

Member, Chartered Institute of Logistics and Transport, Sri Lanka

Appointed to the Mercantile Shipping Company PLC Board in August 2021. Presently functions as the Acting General Manager of Ceylon Shipping Corporation Ltd. Having experience of over 28 years in different Managerial capacities in the Shipping industry. Also serves on the Board of Ceylon Port Services.

C C Wickramatileka

CFA Charter holder

Associate Member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka

Associate Member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants

Bachelor's Degree in Management from the University of London

Appointed to the Mercantile Shipping Company PLC Board in August 2021 with wide experience in multiple fields holding Senior Management positions in Public Quoted Companies. Currently holding the positions of Managing Director of Royali Power (Pvt) Ltd and Director Finance and Administration of Ceylon Eco Spices (Pvt) Ltd with several other related Companies.

Corporate Governance

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Board of Directors is responsible for setting up a policy framework for Good Governance Practice to protect and enhance the shareholders' value for the Company.

The Company applies the Code of Best Practice issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka and complies with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka and the Colombo Stock Exchange.

The responsibilities of the Directors are to exercise in their best judgment what they reasonably believe to be in the best interest of the Company for the creating of long-term value for the shareholders.

The Board has taken necessary steps to ensure that the Management discharges its duties responsibly and efficiently to meet the above criteria.

Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is responsible for setting up the Governance Framework within the Company.

Composition and attendance at meetings

The present Board consists of ten Directors eight of whom are Non-Executive Directors in compliance with CSE's Listing Rule 7.10.1 (a) and out of the Non-Executive Directors five are Independent Directors in compliance with Rule 7.10.2 (a) of CSE's Listing Rules. All the Non-Executive Directors have submitted a signed declaration of Independence in compliance with the Rule 7.10.2 (b) of CSE's Listing Rules.

These Directors and their profiles are stated below. Details of Directors' shareholding in Mercantile Shipping Company PLC and directorates in other related companies are given in page 54 and 57.

Director	Position held on the Board	Date of Appointment to the Board	Nature of Appointment
H A R K Wickramatileka	Chairman	13th May 1991	Non-executive Non-Independent Director
Capt K Kriwat	Director	17th March 1981	Non-executive Non-Independent Director
T Kriwat	Managing Director	16th October 2000	Executive Director
(Mrs) C D A Peiris	Director	1st April 2016	Executive Director
Capt R E G Codipilly	Director	13th May 2016	Non-Executive Non-Independent Director
M S P Gunawardena	Director	13th May 2016	Non-executive Independent Director
P A Nandasena	Director	12th October 2016	Non-executive Independent Director
(Mrs) W C Jayasinghe	Director	28th November 2019 (Resigned w e f 31.07.2021)	Non-executive Independent Director
W S Weeraman	Director	01st January 2021	Non-executive Independent Director
(Mrs) Y S Wettasinghe	Director	09th August 2021	Non-executive Independent Director
C C Wickramatileka	Director	16th August 2021	Non-executive Independent Director

Statutory Payments

All statutory payments have been made by the company.

Sub Committees of the Board

In compliance with the requirement of the Code of Best Practice, the Board established three sub-committees namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and Related Party Transaction Review Committee.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee consists of four Non-Executive Independent Directors and one Non- Executive Non- Independent Director in compliance with Rule 7.10.6(a) of the Colombo Stock Exchange.

The members and their profiles are stated below.

Director	Position held	No. of Meetings held
P A Nandasena	Acting Chairman	03
Capt R E G Codippilly	Member	
M S P Gunawardena	Member	
(Mrs) W C Jayasinghe	Member (Resigned w e f 31.07.2021)	
C C Wickramatileka	Chairman (Appointed w e f 16.08.2021)	
(Mrs) Y S Wettasinghe	Member (Appointed w e f 26.08.2021)	

Corporate Governance (Contd...)

Independence of the Members of the Committee

Mr P A Nandasena is an LLB degree holder from the University of Colombo with more than 30 years of experience in public and private sector, holding Senior Managerial and Director positions. He is Independent as per the criteria set out by the Colombo Stock Exchange.

Captain R E G Codipilly is a Master Mariner who holds Masters' FG Certification from the Commonwealth of Australia, with more than 37 years both at sea and on shore experience in shipping, ship management and seafarer training. He is Non-Independent as per the criteria set out by the Colombo Stock Exchange.

Mr M S P Gunawardena is a Practicing Lawyer with over 30 years of experience in the shipping trade with an expertise in Maritime Law and Insurance and is Independent as per the criteria set out by the Colombo Stock Exchange.

Mr Chathura Chanaka Wickramatileka is a CFA Charter holder and an Associate Member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka and an Associate Member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants and holds a bachelor's degree in Management from the University of London with experience in multiple fields. He has wide experience holding Senior Management positions in Public Quoted Companies. He is Independent as per the criteria set out by the Colombo Stock Exchange.

(Mrs) Y S Wettasinghe holder of BSc (Physical Science), University of Sri Jayawardenapura, Sri Lanka, Master's Degree in Shipping Management, World Maritime University, Malmo, Sweden Member, Chartered Institute of Logistics and Transport, Sri Lanka with having experience of over 28 years in different Managerial capacities in the Shipping industry. She is Independent as per the criteria set out by the Colombo Stock Exchange.

The role of the Audit Committee

The role of the Audit Committee is to assist the Board in the discharge of its duties by ensuring that the Company follows adequate system of internal controls to minimize risk and errors, prepare financial statements in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards and comply with directions issued by the Regulatory Authorities and the Laws of the Land.

The Committee met three times during the year assisted by the Chief Financial Officer /Director.

The Committee also met with the External Auditors and reported their findings and recommendations to the Board regularly.

REPORT OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

COMPOSITION OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of Mercantile Shipping Company PLC comprises of four Non-Executive Independent Directors and one Non- Executive Non- Independent Director. Page Number 8 and 9 of this annual report displays the profiles of the Members of the Audit Committee. The Members have the

requisite financial knowledge and business acumen to carry out their roles effectively and discuss matters that come within their purview independently and professionally.

MEETINGS OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Committee met three times during the year under review.

TASK AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

Tasks and responsibilities of the Audit committee is summarized below.

- **Financial Reporting**

The Committee reviews the financial reporting system of the Group when preparing its quarterly and annual Financial Statements to ensure reliability of the processes and consistency of the accounting policies and methods adopted and their compliance with the Sri Lanka Financial Reporting Standards.

- **Internal Control**

The Committee reviews the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group and satisfied that an effective system of internal control is in place to provide reasonable assurance in safeguarding the Company's assets and reliability of Financial Statements.

- **Risk Management**

The Audit Committee reviews the process and effectiveness of the risk management of the Company. The Group has identified critical risks to the business including key operational risks, related controls and enterprise level risk. The impact of the COVID19 pandemic on the operations of the company were discussed in detail.

- **Compliance with Rules and Regulations**

The Committee is satisfied that all applicable laws and regulations are duly complied with and all statutory payments are paid on a timely basis.

EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The Committee reviews annually the appointment of the External Auditor and makes recommendations to the Board accordingly. Ernst & Young, Chartered Accountants (Ernst & Young) acts as the Group's External Auditors. Ernst & Young also provides audit services to the subsidiary, Mercantile Global Shipping Limited. As far as the Auditors are aware, the Auditors do not have any relationship (other than that of an auditor) with the Company other than those disclosed above. The Auditors also do not have any interest in the Company. For the said reasons the Committee determined that External Auditors are independent.

P. A. Nandasena

P A Nandasena
Acting Chairman
Audit Committee

26th August 2021

Corporate Governance (Contd...)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee consists of two Non-Executive Independent Directors and one Non- Executive Non- Independent Director in compliance to Rule 7.10.5 (a) of the Colombo Stock Exchange.

Director	Position held	No. of Meeting held
P A Nandasena	Acting Chairman	01
Capt R E G Codipilly	Member	
M S P Gunawardena	Member	

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE REPORT

COMPOSITION OF THE REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee of Mercantile Shipping Company PLC consists of two Non-Executive Independent Directors and one Non- Executive Non- Independent Director. Page Number 8 and 9 of this annual report displays the profiles of the Members of the Remuneration Committee.

POLICY

The Remuneration Committee recommends the remuneration payable to all Executive Directors / Managing Director to the Board. The Board makes the final determination after consideration of such recommendation.

FUNCTIONS

The Committee will assist the Board to decide on certain parameters in formulating the Remuneration Policy with a view to retaining qualified experienced personnel looking at the cost aspect for the benefit of all Stakeholders of the Company. The Committee will have meetings as and when it deemed necessary to decide on the remuneration of Directors/CEO. One remuneration committee meeting was held during the year.

DISCLOSURE OF REMUNERATIONS

The total of Directors' Remuneration is reported in Note 26 to the Financial Statements in accordance with Rule 6.6(b) of the Colombo Stock Exchange.



P A Nandasena
Acting Chairman
Remuneration Committee

26th August 2021

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION REVIEW COMMITTEE

The Related Party Transaction Review Committee consists of three Non-Executive Independent Directors in compliance to Rule 9.2.1 of the Colombo Stock Exchange..

Director	Position held	No. of Meeting held
P A Nandasena	Acting Chairman	03
M S P Gunawardena	Member	
(Mrs) Y S Wettasinghe (appointed w e f 16.08.2021)	Member	

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION REVIEW COMMITTEE REPORT

COMPOSITION OF THE RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION REVIEW COMMITTEE

Related Party Transaction Committee consists of three Non-Executive Independent Directors. Page Number 8 and 9 of this annual report displays the profiles of the Members of the Related Party Transaction Committee.

THE COMMITTEE AND SCOPE OF THE COMMITTEE

The Company constituted the Related Party Transaction Review Committee (the "Committee") as a Board Sub-Committee to review "Related Party Transactions". The Committee is assisted by the following Key Management Personal (KMPs) of the Company who attend sittings on a regular basis.

(Mrs) C D A Peiris - Chief Financial Officer/Director

Mr H A R K Wickramatileka - Chairman

In addition, the Committee summoned other relevant officials of the Company to participate in the Committee proceedings when required.

THE SCOPE AND DUITES OF THE COMMITTEE

The Scope of the Committee covers the requirements of the Code of Best Practices on Related Party Transactions ("the code) issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka (SEC). The Committee operates in accordance with the guidelines set in the CSE Listing Rules and furthermore follow the disclosure requirements given in LKAS 24. The principal functions of the Committee are the scrutiny of all Related Party Transactions with Directors, Key Management Personal (KMPs) substantial Shareholders, Subsidiaries and Associate Companies of the Company and such other related parties.

Corporate Governance (Contd...)

The Committee normally reviews and updates the Board of Directors once in every quarter about its review and its findings on the Related Party Transactions.

Where applicable, the Committee has laid down guidelines for the Management to make immediate market disclosure on applicable Related Party Transactions as required by Section 9 of the continuing Listing requirements of Colombo Stock Exchange.

The Committee is responsible for making appropriate disclosure on Related Party Transactions in the Annual Report to the shareholders, as required by Section 9 of the continuing Listing requirements of Colombo Stock Exchange.

MEETINGS

During 2020/2021, three meetings were held. Due to the impact of the COVID 19 pandemic, the lockdowns and travel restrictions imposed, the meeting for the quarter ended 31st March 2021 could not be held however, was taken up at the next meeting. In the opinion of the Committee there were no transactions with the related parties that were more favorable or preferential during the period under review and the Company is compliant with the Code.

The following disclosures are made in terms of Section 9.3.2 of the Listing Rules of Colombo Stock Exchange.

a.) Recurrent Transactions

Name of the Related Party	Relationship	Nature of Transaction and Aggregate value of Related Party Transactions entered into during the financial year	Aggregate value of Related Party Transactions as a % of Net Revenue / Income (Company / Consolidated)	Terms and Conditions of the Related Party Transactions
Mercantile Marine Management Ltd.	Affiliate / significant shareholder	Rent of Rs. 14,445,928	76.70% of Company's revenue	Normal commercial terms.

b. Non-Recurrent Transactions

There were no non-recurrent transactions during the period of which aggregate value exceeds 10% of the total equity or 5% of the total assets of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2021 which require specific disclosures in the Annual Report in terms of Section 9.3.2 of the Listing Rules and the Code of Best Practices on the related party transactions issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka.

Details of other Related Party Transactions entered into by the Company are disclosed in Note 25 and 26 to the Financial Statements.

TERMS OF REFERENCE (TOR)

The General Policy on "Related Party" Transactions is subject to period review based on Regulatory requirements as well as operational requirements.

IDENTIFICATION OF RELATED PARTIES

Related Parties are identified in accordance with the criteria set out in the Sri Lanka Accounting Standards (LKAS 24) as well as the Listing Rules.

P. A. Nandasena

P A Nandasena
Acting Chairman
Related Party Transaction Review Committee

26th August 2021

Corporate Governance (Contd...)

LEVEL OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CSE'S LISTING RULES

This section covers Mercantile Shipping Company PLC's extent of adherence to the requirements of the Continuing Listing Requirements of Section 7.10 on Corporate Governance Rules for Listed Companies issued by the Colombo Stock Exchange.

Rule No.	Subject	Applicable requirement	Compliance Status	Details
7.10.1	Non-Executive Directors	At least one third of the total number of Directors should be Non-executive Directors	Complied	Eight of the Ten Directors are Non-Executive Directors
7.10.2 (a)	Independent Directors	Two or one third of Non-executive Directors, whichever is higher should be independent	Complied	Five of the Eight Non-Executive Directors are Independent
7.10.2 (b)	Independent Directors	Each Non-executive Director should submit a declaration of independence/ non-independence in the prescribed format	Complied	All Non-executive Directors have submitted the declaration.
7.10.3 (a)	Disclosure relating to Directors	Names of independent Directors should be disclosed in the Annual Report	Complied	Given in page 10 under the heading Board of Directors
7.10.3 (b)	Disclosure relating to Directors	The basis for the Board to determine a Director as independent, as specified in criteria for independence is not met	Complied	Given in page 10 under the heading Board of Directors
7.10.3 (c)	Disclosure relating to Directors	A brief resume of each Director should be included in the Annual Report including the areas of expertise.	Complied	Given in pages 8 to 9 under heading Directors' Profiles
7.10.3 (d)	Disclosure relating to Directors	Forthwith provide a brief resume of new Directors appointed to the Board with details specified in 7.10.3 (d) to the Exchange	Complied	Given in page 8 to 9 under heading Directors' Profiles
7.10.5	Remuneration Committee	A listed company shall have a Remuneration Committee	Complied	Remuneration Committee in place. Please refer page 12
7.10.5 (a)	Composition of Remuneration Committee	Shall comprise of Non-executive Directors a majority of whom will be independent	Complied	Two Directors are independent
7.10.5 (b)	Functions of Remuneration Committee	The Remuneration Committee shall recommend the remuneration of Chief Executive Officer and Executive Directors	Complied	As above and stated in this Report
7.10.5 (c)	Disclosure in the Annual Report relating to Remuneration Committee	The Annual Report should set out; a) Names of directors comprising the Remuneration Committee b) Statement of Remuneration Policy c) Aggregated remuneration paid to Executive and Non-executive Directors	Complied Complied Complied	Please refer page 12 and Note 26.
7.10.6	Audit Committee	The Company shall have an Audit Committee	Complied	Given in page 10 to 11 under the heading Audit Committee

Corporate Governance (Contd...)

Rule No.	Subject	Applicable requirement	Compliance Status	Details
7.10.6 (a)	Composition of Audit Committee	Shall comprise of Non-executive Directors a majority of whom will be independent	Complied	As above
		Non-executive Director shall be appointed as the Chairman of the Committee	Complied	As above
		The Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer should attend Audit Committee Meetings	Complied	As above
		The Chairman of the Audit Committee or one member should be a member of a professional accounting body	Complied	As above
7.10.6 (b)	Audit Committee Functions	Should be as outlined in the Section 7 of the Listing Rules	Complied	As above
7.10.6 (c)	Disclosure in the Annual Report relating to Audit Committee	a) Names of Directors comprising the Audit Committee	Complied	As above
		b) The Audit Committee shall make a determination of the a) independence of the Auditors and disclose for such determination	Complied	As above
		c) The Annual Report shall contain a Report of the Audit Committee setting out of the manner of Compliance of the functions	Complied	As above

LEVEL OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CSE'S LISTING RULES

This section covers Mercantile Shipping Company PLC's extent of adherence to the requirements of the Code of Best practice on Related Party Transactions issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka and Section 9 of the Listing Rules of the Colombo Stock Exchange.

Rule No.	Subject	Applicable requirement	Compliance Status	Details
9.2.1 & 9.2.3	Related Party Transactions Review Committee (RPTRC)	All related party transactions of the entity are transacted on normal commercial terms and are not prejudicial to the interests of the entity and its minority shareholders.	Complied	Annual Report of Board of Directors and the Related Party Transactions Review Committee Report on page 12 to 13.
9.2.1	Composition of the Related Party Transactions Review Committee	Three Independent Non-Executive Directors.	Complied	Refer RPTRC report page 12 to 13.

Corporate Governance (Contd...)

Rule No.	Subject	Applicable requirement	Compliance Status	Details
9.3.2	Disclosure in the Annual Report relating to Related Party Transaction Review Committee	a) Non-recurrent Related Party Transactions	Complied	Given in page No 13
		b) Recurrent Related Party Transactions	Complied	As above
		c) Annual report shall contain a report by the Related Party Transaction Review Committee	Complied	As above
		a) A declaration by the Board of Directors	Complied	
9.2.4	Related Party Transactions Review Committee Meetings	Shall meet once a quarter	Non Complied Reason given on page 13	Please refer page 13
9.3.1	Immediate disclosures	The Company has not been involved in any non-recurrent related party transactions which requires immediate announcement to the CSE.	Complied	Please refer page 13

LEVEL OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CSE'S LISTING RULES

This section covers Mercantile Shipping Company PLC's extent of adherence to the requirements of the Continuing Listing Requirements of Section 7.6 on Corporate Governance Rules for Listed Companies issued by the Colombo Stock Exchange.

Rule No.	Description	Compliance Status	Section reference in the Annual Report
7.6 Contents of the Annual Report			
(i)	Names of persons who were directors of the Company during the Financial Year.	Complied	Annual Report of the Board of Directors on page 6 to 10
(ii)	Principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries during the year and any changes therein.	Complied	Annual Report of the Board of Directors on page 5
(iii)	The names and the number of shares held by the 20 largest holders of voting and non-voting shares and the percentage of such shares held as at the end of the Financial Year	Complied	Shareholder information on page 58
(iv)	The float adjusted market Capitalization, the public holding percentage, number of public shareholders and option under which the Company complies with the minimum public holding requirement	Complied	Shareholder information on page 57
(v)	A statement of each Directors' and Chief Executive Officer's holding in shares of the Company at the beginning and end of the Financial Year	Complied	Shareholder information on page 57
(vi)	Information pertaining to material foreseeable risk factors	Complied	Please refer Note 27
(vii)	Details of material issues pertaining to employees and industrial relations	Complied	During the year under review, there were no material issues pertaining to employees and industrial relations of the Company.

Corporate Governance (Contd...)

Rule No.	Description	Status of Compliance	Section reference in the Annual Report
(viii)	Extents, locations, valuations and the number of buildings of the land holdings and investment properties	Complied	Notes 12 to the Financial Statements.
(ix)	Number of shares representing the stated capital	Complied	Note 18 to the Financial Statements.
(x)	A distribution schedule of the number of holders in each class of equity securities and the percentage of their total holdings	Complied	Shareholder information on page 58
(xi)	Ratios and market price information on: 1. Dividend per share; 2. Dividend pay-out; 3. Net Asset Value per share; 4. Market value per share; - Highest lowest values and value as at end of Financial Year - Value as at end of the Financial Year	Complied	Please refer page 58 and 59
(xii)	Significant changes in the Company's or its subsidiaries 'fixed assets and the market value of land, if the value differs substantially from the book value.	Complied	Please refer No.12 to the Financial Statements.
(xiii)	Details of funds raised through a public issue, Rights Issue and a private placement during the year; a. A statement as to the manner in which proceeds of such issue have been utilized; b. If any shares or debentures have been issued, the number, class and consideration received and the reason for the issue; c. Any material change in the use of funds raised through an issue of securities	N/A	No fund raised during the year through a public issue, Rights Issue and a private placement.
(xiv)	a.and b. Information in respect of Employee Share Option or Share Purchase Schemes	N/A	The Company does not have any Employee Share Option or Share Purchase Schemes at present.
(xv)	Disclosures pertaining to Corporate Governance Practices in terms of Rules 7.10.3, 7.10.5 c. and 7.10.6 c. of Section 7 of the Listing Rules	Complied	Corporate Governance Report on page 10 for names of independent Directors; Directors' profiles on pages 8 to 12
(xvi)	Related Party transactions exceeding 10% of the Equity or 5% of the total assets of the Entity as per Audited Financial Statements, whichever is lower. Details of investments in a Related Party and/or amounts due from a Related Party to be set out separately. The details shall include, as a minimum: I. The date of the transaction; II. The name of the Related Party; III. The relationship between the Company and the Related Party; IV. The amount of the transaction and terms of the transaction; V. The rationale for entering into the transaction.	Complied	Please refer page 13

Independent Auditors' Report



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MERCANTILE SHIPPING COMPANY PLC

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Mercantile Shipping Company PLC ("the Company") and the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2021, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of the Company and the Group give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and the Group as at 31 March 2021, and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in

accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by CA Sri Lanka (Code of Ethics) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

Partners: H M A Jayasinghe FCA FCMA R N de Saram ACA FCMA Ms. N A De Silva FCA W R H De Silva ACA ACMA Ms. Y A De Silva FCA Ms. K R M Fernando FCA ACMA
N Y R L Fernando ACA W K B S P Fernando FCA FCMA Ms. L K H L Fonseka FCA D N Gamage ACA ACMA A P A Gunasekera FCA FCMA A Herath FCA
D K Hulangamuwa FCA FCMA LLB (Lond) Ms. A A Ludowyke FCA FCMA Ms. G G S Manatunga FCA A A J R Perera ACA ACMA Ms. P V K N Sajeewani FCA
N M Sultaiman ACA ACMA B E Wijesuriya FCA FCMA
Principals: G B Goudian ACMA Ms. P S Paranavitane ACMA LLB (Colombo) T P M Ruberu FCMA FCCA C A Yalagala ACMA

A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited

Independent Auditors' Report (Contd...)

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
<p>Derecognition of a subsidiary</p> <p>Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Private) Limited is a fully owned subsidiary of the Group. As detailed in note 2.4 to the financial statements, the said subsidiary is under the process of creditors' voluntary liquidation with effect from 23 July 2020. As a result, the Group has derecognised the subsidiary from its books of account with effect from 23 July 2020.</p> <p>The derecognition of a subsidiary was considered a key audit matter due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The significant management judgments involved in assessing the point at which entity lost the control over subsidiary (as disclosed in note 3.9.14 (d)); and The materiality of resulting gains on derecognition (LKR 2,795.7 Mn) recognized in the consolidated financial statements. 	<p>Our audit procedures included the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> We obtained an understanding of process followed by the Group to determine the point of derecognition in accordance with the requirements of SLFRS-10. We obtained legal consultation to understand the rights and obligations of the liquidator to facilitate our conclusion of loss of control of the subsidiary. We assessed the appropriateness of accounting entries reflecting the derecognition of the subsidiary from the Consolidated Financial Statements. We have also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures made in note 13 to the financial statements.

Other Information included in the 2021 Annual Report

Other information consists of the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Management is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the management and those charged with governance

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's and the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SLAuSs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent Auditors' Report (Contd...)

As part of an audit in accordance with SLAuSs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls of the Company and the Group.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

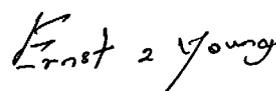
We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with ethical requirements in accordance with the Code of Ethics regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

As required by section 163 (2) of the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007, we have obtained all the information and explanations that were required for the audit and, as far as appears from our examination, proper accounting records have been kept by the Company.

CA Sri Lanka membership number of the engagement partner responsible for signing this independent auditor's report is F1864.



26th August 2021
Colombo

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

Year ended 31 March 2021	Note	Group		Company	
		2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
Continuing Operations					
Revenue	5	18,833,428	18,227,910	18,833,428	21,445,212
Cost of Sales		(4,690,818)	(4,653,862)	(4,690,818)	(4,653,862)
Gross Profit		14,142,610	13,574,048	14,142,610	16,791,349
Other Income	6	1,280,756	4,615,067	1,280,756	4,615,067
Selling and Marketing Expenses		(154,384)	(295,140)	(154,384)	(295,140)
Administrative Expenses		(17,812,531)	(19,245,358)	(17,754,281)	(19,197,013)
Operating Profit/(Loss)		(2,543,550)	(1,351,383)	(2,485,300)	1,914,264
Finance Cost	7.1	(223,789)	(1,597,897)	(223,789)	(1,597,897)
Finance Income	7.2	2,885,286	3,327,828	2,885,286	3,327,828
Gain on Loss of Control over Subsidiaries	13.2	2,795,660,103	-	-	-
Profit/(Loss) before Tax	8	2,795,778,050	378,548	176,197	3,644,195
Total Income Tax (Charge)/Reversal for the Year	9	138,122	(2,025,564)	138,122	(2,025,564)
Profit for the Year from continued operations		2,795,916,171	(1,647,016)	314,318	1,618,631
Discontinued Operations					
Loss for the Year from discontinued operations	17	-	(199,305,899)	-	-
Profit/(Loss) for the year		2,795,916,171	(200,952,915)	314,318	1,618,631
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)					
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods					
Exchange Differences on Translation of Foreign Operations		-	(242,501,249)	-	-
Other Comprehensive Loss for the year, net of tax		-	(242,501,249)	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year, net of tax		2,795,916,171	(443,454,164)	314,318	1,618,631
Profit/(Loss) attributable to Equity Holders of the parent		2,795,916,171	(200,952,915)	314,318	1,618,631
Total comprehensive Income/(Loss) attributable to Equity Holders of the parent		2,795,916,171	(443,454,164)	314,318	1,618,631
Basic/Diluted Earnings/(Loss) per Share from continuing operations	10	982.75	(0.58)	0.11	0.57
Basic/Diluted (Loss) per Share from discontinuing operations	10	-	(70.06)	2.68	-

The Accounting Policies and Notes on pages 25 to 56 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

Statement of Financial Position

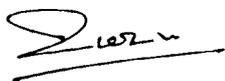
As at	Note	Group		Company	
		31 March 2021 Rs.	31 March 2020 Rs.	31 March 2021 Rs.	31 March 2020 Rs.
ASSETS					
Non-Current Assets					
Property, Plant and Equipment	11	182,807	-	182,807	-
Investment Property	12	44,637,840	48,679,488	44,637,840	48,679,488
Investments in Subsidiaries	13	-	-	15,000,000	15,000,000
Deferred Tax Asset	9.2	52,201	-	52,201	-
		44,872,848	48,679,488	59,872,848	63,679,488
Current Assets					
Trade and Other Receivables	15	13,724,467	16,921,852	13,724,467	16,921,852
Advances and Prepayments		1,142,328	2,905,431	1,142,328	2,905,432
Income Tax Receivable		3,675,098	3,675,098	-	-
Other Current Financial Assets	14.1	39,023,897	35,767,424	39,023,897	35,767,424
Cash and Cash Equivalents	16	286,179	6,408,400	206,589	6,328,810
Assets directly Associated with Discontinued Operations	17.2	-	4,369,244	-	-
		57,851,970	70,047,450	54,097,282	61,923,518
Total Assets		102,724,818	118,726,937	113,970,130	125,603,006
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Capital and Reserves					
Stated Capital	18	37,262,606	37,262,606	37,262,606	37,262,606
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve		-	(642,560,597)	-	-
Retained Earnings/(Losses)		48,766,552	(2,747,149,618)	34,911,598	34,597,280
Total Equity		86,029,158	(3,352,447,608)	72,174,204	71,859,886
Non-Current Liabilities					
Retirement Benefit Liability	20	966,575	1,536,150	966,575	1,536,150
Deferred Tax Liability	9.2	-	85,921	-	85,921
		966,575	1,622,071	966,575	1,622,071
Current Liabilities					
Trade and Other Payables	21	13,446,120	21,056,381	39,766,737	47,435,248
Interest Bearing Loans and Borrowings	19	485,793	4,108,981	485,793	4,108,981
Income Tax Payable		1,797,170	1,797,170	576,820	576,820
Liabilities directly Associated with Discontinued Operations	17.2	-	3,442,589,944	-	-
		15,729,083	3,469,552,476	40,829,350	52,121,049
Total Equity and Liabilities		102,724,818	118,726,937	113,970,130	125,603,006
Net Assets/(Liability) per Share		30.24	(1,178.37)	25.37	25.26

These Financial Statements are in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act No. 7 of 2007.



Chief Financial Officer

The Board of Directors is responsible for these Financial Statements. Signed for and on behalf of the Board by;



Chairman



Director

The Accounting Policies and Notes on pages 25 to 56 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

26th August 2021
Colombo

Statement of Changes In Equity

Group	Stated Capital	Retained Earnings/ (Losses)	Foreign Currency Translation Reserves	Total Equity
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Balance as at 01 April 2019	37,262,606	(2,546,196,703)	(400,059,348)	(2,908,993,445)
Loss for the year	-	(200,952,915)	-	(200,952,915)
Other Comprehensive Loss	-	-	(242,501,249)	(242,501,249)
Total Comprehensive Loss	-	(200,952,915)	(242,501,249)	(443,454,164)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	37,262,606	(2,747,149,618)	(642,560,597)	(3,352,447,608)
Profit / (Loss) for the year	-	2,795,916,171	-	2,795,916,171
Other Comprehensive Loss	-	-	-	-
Reclassification adjustment due to loss of control	-	-	642,560,597	642,560,597
Total Comprehensive Income	-	2,795,916,171	642,560,597	3,438,476,768
Balance as at 31 March 2021	37,262,606	48,766,552	-	86,029,158

Company	Stated Capital	Retained Earnings	Total Equity
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Balance as at 01 April 2019	37,262,606	32,978,649	70,241,255
Profit for the year	-	1,618,631	1,618,631
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income	-	1,618,631	1,618,631
Balance as at 31 March 2020	37,262,606	34,597,280	71,859,886
Profit for the year	-	314,318	314,318
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income	-	314,318	314,318
Balance as at 31 March 2021	37,262,606	34,911,598	72,174,204

The Accounting Policies and Notes on pages 25 to 56 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended 31 March 2021	Note	Group		Company	
		2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
Cash Flows from/(used in) Operating Activities					
Profit/(Loss) before Tax from continuing operations		2,795,778,050	378,548	176,197	3,644,195
Loss before Tax from discontinued operations		-	(199,305,899)	-	-
Profit/(Loss) before tax		2,795,778,050	(198,927,351)	176,197	3,644,195
Adjustment For					
Depreciation		4,074,591	4,057,185	4,074,591	4,057,185
Fair Value Adjustment of Investments		(391,629)	67,473	(391,629)	67,473
Finance Cost	7.1	223,789	190,814,610	223,789	1,597,897
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		-	35,554,614	-	-
Gain from disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		(78,500)	(3,950,000)	(78,500)	(3,950,000)
Finance Income	7.2	(2,884,784)	(3,327,560)	(2,884,784)	(3,327,560)
Gain on Loss of Control over Subsidiaries		(2,795,660,103)	-	-	-
Provision for Gratuity	20	324,425	726,822	324,425	1,536,150
Exchange (Gain)/Loss		-	(22,248,527)	-	-
Debtors write off		-	28,366,113	-	-
Dividend Income Received		(19,992)	(2,035)	(19,992)	(2,035)
Creditors write Back		(790,635)	(4,948,135)	(790,635)	(458,621)
Operating Profit/(Loss) before Working Capital Changes		575,212	26,183,209	633,462	3,164,684
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories		-	3,071,327	-	-
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade and Other Receivables		3,197,385	(20,277,698)	3,197,385	(4,252,884)
(Increase)/Decrease in Advance and Prepayment		1,763,104	(1,147,801)	1,763,104	(1,147,782)
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade and Other Payables		(6,819,626)	13,121,262	(6,877,876)	14,201,146
Cash Generated from/(Used in) Operations		(1,288,144)	20,950,299	(1,283,926)	11,965,163
Finance Cost Paid		(223,789)	(22,622,259)	(223,789)	(2,463,039)
Income Tax (Paid)/Credit		-	(179,568)	-	(179,568)
Gratuity Paid		(894,000)	-	(894,000)	-
Net Cash Generated from/(Used in) Operating Activities		(2,405,933)	(1,851,528)	(2,401,715)	9,322,556
Cash Flows from/(used in) Investing Activities					
Proceeds from Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		78,500	1,755,853,606	78,500	3,950,000
Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment	11	(215,750)	-	(215,750)	-
Finance Income Received		3,421,834	4,357,965	3,421,834	4,357,965
Investment in Fixed Deposits		(3,401,894)	(3,420,000)	(3,401,894)	(3,420,000)
Withdrawals from Fixed Deposits		-	7,000,000	-	7,000,000
Dividend Received		19,992	2,035	19,992	2,035
Net Cash Generated from/(Used in) Investing Activities		(97,318)	1,763,793,606	(97,318)	11,890,000
Cash Flows used in Financing Activities					
Repayment of Interest Bearing Loans and Borrowings		(3,100,000)	(1,859,956,130)	(3,100,000)	(9,000,000)
Cash and cash equivalent related to Derecognised subsidiary		735,514,800	-	-	-
Net Cash used in Financing Activities		732,414,800	(1,859,956,130)	(3,100,000)	(9,000,000)
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes		-	(28,976,544)	-	-
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		729,915,766	(126,990,597)	(5,599,035)	12,212,558
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year		(730,115,380)	(603,124,783)	5,319,829	(6,892,728)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	16	(199,614)	(730,115,380)	(279,204)	5,319,829

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2021

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

1.1 General

Mercantile Shipping Company PLC ("the Company") is a Public Limited Liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Sri Lanka and listed on the Colombo Stock Exchange. The registered office and the principal place of business are located at No.108, Aluthmawatha Road, Colombo 15.

The Consolidated Financial Statements of Mercantile Shipping Company PLC for the year ended 31 March 2021 comprises of the Company and its subsidiary, Mercantile Global Shipping Limited (together "the Group").

Name	Principal Activity	County of Incorporation	% Of Equity Interest	
			2021	2020
Mercantile Global Shipping Limited	Dormant Company	Sri Lanka	100 %	100 %

Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd which was a fully owned subsidiary of a Mercantile Shipping Company PLC. Upon the appointment of the liquidator, As per the decision made on the creditors meeting held on 23 July 2020, Mercantile Shipping Company PLC has lost their controlling power over the Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd. Therefore the group derecognize the subsidiary from the consolidated financial statement.

Ultimate Parent Entity

Mercantile Shipping Company PLC does not have a parent of its own. Mercantile Shipping Company PLC is the ultimate parent of the Group.

1.3 Date of Authorization for Issue

The Financial Statements of Mercantile Shipping Company PLC for the year ended 31 March 2021 were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on 26th August 2021.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of Compliance

Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group and the Financial Statements of the Company, which comprise the Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Profit or Loss, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and Notes to the Financial Statements have been prepared and presented in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards (SLFRSs and LKASs) laid down by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka and in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act No. 7 of 2007.

1.2 Principal Activities and Nature of Operations

During the year, the principal activities of the Group were as follows:

Mercantile Shipping Company PLC

During the year, the principal activities of the Company were carrying out investment activities and carrying out renting of investment properties during the year.

Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements of the Group include:

2.2 Basis of Measurement

The Financial Statement of the Company and the Group have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investments in quoted equity shares measured at fair value (Note 14.1.1). No adjustments have been made for inflationary factors in the consolidated financial statements.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

The Financial Statements are presented in Sri Lankan Rupees which is the Company's functional and presentation currency, except when otherwise indicated. For each entity the Group determines the functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

All financial information presented in Sri Lankan Rupees has rounded to the nearest rupee, except when otherwise indicated.

2.4 Going Concern

Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd which was a fully owned subsidiary of the Mercantile Shipping Company PLC, sold their two vessels in December 2019 and sales proceeds were utilised to settle the mortgage loan, overdraft and related interest owed to the Norddeutsche Landesbank . Since

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

the Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Private) Limited did not have sufficient resources to discharge its remaining obligations, the directors of Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Private) Limited decided to go for a creditors' voluntary liquidation.

As per the decision made in the creditors meeting on 23rd July 2020, liquidator was appointed and published in government gazette accordingly. Therefore, the Mercantile Shipping Company PLC has lost their controlling power over the Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd w.e.f. 23rd July 2020. As a result of that the group derecognized the subsidiary from the consolidated financial statements.

Currently Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd is awaiting for an unconditional tax clearance to finalize the liquidation.

The Board of Directors of the Group evaluated the appropriateness of using going concern assumption across the Group in preparing Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 based on available information. In this exercise, the Board identified while there is no threat on the going concern aspect of the Mercantile Shipping Company PLC with its current investment properties. The parent company has sufficient financial resources and means of business. The Board of Directors is committed to the continuance of the Group and do not intend either to liquidate or to cease trading in the foreseeable future.

Due to COVID-19, the business was affected to certain extent with the restrictions in free movement of customers, staff and key stakeholders since mid-March 2020. Any future business cannot be projected in view of the uncertainty caused by the impact of the COVID 19 pandemic. The Board evaluated a forecasted cash flow for a period of two years prepared by the management which took in to account the existing and anticipated effects of COVID-19 on the Group.

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis taking into consideration of the financial statements of the Mercantile Shipping Company PLC. The financial statements of Mercantile Global Shipping Limited has been prepared on other than going concern basis.

2.5 Comparative information

The consolidated financial statements provide comparative information in respect of the previous period. The Group presents an additional statement of financial position at the beginning of the preceding period when there is a retrospective application of an accounting policy, a retrospective restatement, or a reclassification of items in financial statements.

2.6 Changes in Accounting Policies

2.6.1 New and amended standards and interpretations

Amendments to SLFRS 3: Definition of a Business

The amendment to SLFRS 3 Business Combinations clarifies that to be considered a business, an integrated set of activities and assets must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that, together, significantly contribute to the ability to create output. Furthermore, it clarifies that a business can exist without including all of the inputs and processes needed to create outputs. These amendments had no impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group, but may impact future periods should the Group enter into any business combinations.

Amendments to LKAS1 and LKAS 8: Definition of Material

The amendments provide a new definition of material that states, "information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity." The amendments clarify that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information, either individually or in combination with other information, in the context of the financial statements. A misstatement of information is material if it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions made by the primary users. These amendments had no impact on the consolidated financial statements of, nor is there expected to be any future impact to the Group.

Amendments to references to the conceptual framework in SLFRS standards

The Conceptual Framework is not a standard, and none of the concepts contained therein override the concepts or requirements in any standard. The purpose of the Conceptual Framework is to assist in developing standards, to help preparers develop consistent accounting policies where there is no applicable standard in place and to assist all parties to understand and interpret the standards. This will affect those entities which developed their accounting policies based on the Conceptual Framework. The revised Conceptual Framework includes some new concepts, updated definitions and recognition criteria for assets and liabilities and clarifies some important concepts. These amendments had no impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

2.7 Basis of Consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the Financial Statements of Mercantile Shipping Company PLC and its subsidiary Mercantile Global Shipping Limited for the financial year ended 31 March 2021.

Subsidiaries are those entities controlled by the Group. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if, and only if, the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

Profit or loss and each component of Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, non-controlling interest and other components of equity while any resultant gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any investment retained is recognised at fair value.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently with those used in the previous year.

3.1 Foreign Currency Translation

The Group's consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Sri Lankan Rupees, which is also the parent company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the Financial Statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Group's entities at the functional currency rates prevailing at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency spot rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined.

Gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items is recognised in line with the gain or loss of the item that gave rise to the translation difference (translation differences on items whose gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss respectively).

Foreign Operations

On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Private) Limited, which is deemed to be a foreign operation are translated into Sri Lankan Rupees at the rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and its Statement of Profit or Loss is translated at spot rate or an average annual rate of exchange for the period. The exchange differences arising on the translation are recognised in other comprehensive income. On disposal of a foreign entity, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

3.2 Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the purpose of presentation of the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, the function of expenses method is adopted, as it represents fairly the elements of the Group performance.

3.2.1 Revenue

The Group's revenue comprises of rental income and interest income.

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

In determining the transaction price for the revenue contracts, the Group considers the effects of variable consideration, the existence of significant financing components, non-cash consideration, and consideration to the customer (if any).

SLFRS 15 requires entities to exercise judgement, taking into consideration all of the relevant facts and circumstances when applying each step of the model to contracts with their customers. The standard also specifies the accounting for the incremental costs of obtaining a contract and the costs directly related to fulfilling a contract.

In determining the transaction price for the revenue contracts, the Group considers the effects of variable consideration, the existence of significant financing components, non-cash consideration, and consideration to the customer (if any).

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

a) Rental Income

Rental income arising on investment properties is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term and is included under Revenue of the Company.

d) Interest

For all financial instruments measured at amortized cost and interest bearing financial assets classified as available for sale, interest income or expense is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. Interest income is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

e) Gains and Losses

Net Gains and losses of a revenue nature on the disposal of property, plant and equipment and other noncurrent assets including investments have been accounted for in the Statement of Profit or Loss, having deducted from proceeds on disposal, the carrying amount of the assets and related selling expenses.

f) Other Income

Other income is recognized on an accruals basis.

3.2.2 Expenses

All expenditure incurred in the running of the business has been charged to profit or loss for the year.

Finance costs

Finance costs mainly comprises of interest expense on borrowings. Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss using the effective interest method.

3.3 Taxation

a) Current Income Taxes

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in Statement of Other Comprehensive Income is also recognized in Statement of Other Comprehensive Income and not in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

(b) Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- Where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except:

- Where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss
- In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside Statement of Profit or Loss is recognised outside Statement of Profit or Loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

c) Sales tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of sales tax, except:

- When the sales tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the sales tax

is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable

- When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of sales tax included

The net amount of sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

3.4 Property, Plant and Equipment

3.4.1 Initial Recognition and Basis of Measurement

Property, Plant and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of replacing component parts of the property, plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group derecognises the replaced part, and recognises the new part with its own associated useful life and depreciation. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss as incurred.

The carrying value of property, plant and equipments are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

3.4.2 Subsequent Costs

The cost of replacing a component of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised in accordance with the derecognition policy given below.

The costs of the day-to-day servicing of Property, Plant and Equipment are recognised in profit and loss as incurred.

3.4.3 Derecognition

The carrying amount of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment is derecognised on disposal; or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Gains and losses on derecognition are recognised in profit and loss and gains are not classified as revenue.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

3.4.4 Depreciation

Depreciation is recognised in the Statement of Income on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment, since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Furniture and Fittings	8 Years
Office Equipment	4 Years
Motor Vehicles	4 Years
Air Conditioning Equipment	4 Years
Computer Equipment	4 Years

Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use and ceases at the earlier of the dates on which the asset is classified as held for sale or is derecognized.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

3.5 Investment Property

Investment properties are carried at historical cost less provision for amortization and impairment. The carrying amount includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met; and excludes the costs of day to day servicing of an investment property.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss in the year of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by the end of owner occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or completion of construction or development. Transfers are made from investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by commencement of owner occupation or commencement of development with a view to sale.

If the property occupied by the Group as an owner occupied property becomes an investment property,

the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment up to the date of change in use. Investment property of the Group is amortized over a period of 20 years on a straight line basis.

3.6 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred, except to the extent that they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset, in which case they are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset.

3.7 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are cash in hand, demand deposits and short-term deposits less than three months, readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and deposits in banks net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Investments with short maturities i.e. three months or less from the date of acquisition are also treated as cash equivalents.

3.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples or other available fair value indicators.

The Group bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

prepared separately for each of the Group's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations generally cover a period of five years. For longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year.

Impairment losses of continuing operations, including impairment on inventories, are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

3.9 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

3.9.1 Financial assets

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Company has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under SLFRS 15.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

3.9.2 Subsequent measurement of financial assets

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories;

- Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Majority of the financial assets of the Company represent financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments). Prior to the adoption of SLFRS 9, financial assets at the amortised cost was classified as loans and receivables. The Company measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Group's financial assets at amortised cost includes cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and other financial assets.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

This category includes listed equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through OCI. Dividends on listed equity investments are also recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

3.9.3 Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e: removed from the Group's financial position) when:

The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired

Or

The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either

- (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

3.9.4 Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant

increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For trade receivables, the requirement for an impairment is analysed at each reporting date on an individual basis for all customers. All individually significant customers are assessed for specific impairment. Those found not to be specifically impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet identified. Assets that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together assets with similar risk characteristics.

3.9.5 Financial liabilities

(a) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, interest bearing loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

Company does not have financial liabilities at fair values through profit and loss and derivative financial instruments.

(b) Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Company. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. This category generally applies to interest-bearing loans and borrowings.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

3.9.6 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position if,

- There is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and
- There is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously

3.9.7 Fair Value Measurements

Fair value related disclosures for financial instruments and non-financial assets that are measured at fair value or where fair values are disclosed are summarised in the note 14.3.1

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

3.9.8 Non-current assets held for sale

The Group classifies non-current assets and disposal groups as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Costs to sell are the incremental costs directly attributable to the disposal of an asset (disposal group), excluding finance costs and income tax expense.

The criteria for held for sale classification is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Actions required to complete the sale should indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the sale will be made or that the decision to sale will be withdrawn. Management must be committed to the plan to sell the asset and the sale expected to be completed within one year from the date of the classification.

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are not depreciated or amortised once classified as held for sale.

Assets and liabilities classified as held for sale are presented separately as current items in the statement of financial position.

A disposal group qualifies as discontinued operation if it is a component of an entity that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale, and:

- Represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations
- Is part of a single coordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations Or

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

- Is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale

Discontinued operations are excluded from the results of continuing operations and are presented as a single amount as profit or loss after tax from discontinued operations in the statement of profit or loss. Disclosures are provided in Note 17. All other notes to the financial statements include amounts for continuing operations, unless indicated otherwise.

Immediately before classification as held for sale, the assets, or components of a disposal group, are remeasured in accordance with the Group's accounting policies. Thereafter generally the assets, or disposal group, are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell. Impairment losses on initial classification as held for sale and subsequent gains or losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss. Gains are not recognised in excess of any cumulative impairment loss.

3.9.9 Employee Benefits

3.9.9.1 Defined Contribution Plans - Employees' Provident Fund and Employees Trust Fund

Employees provident Fund Contributions and Employees' Trust Fund Contributions will continue in line with respective Statutes and Regulations. The Company contribute 12% and 3% of gross emoluments of employees to Employee Provident Fund and Employees' Trust Fund respectively.

a) Defined Benefit Plan - Gratuity

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The defined benefit is calculated using Projected Unit Credit (PUC) method as recommended by LKAS 19 - "Employee benefits". The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related liability.

The present value of the defined benefit obligations depends on a number of factors that are determined using a number of assumptions. Key assumptions used in determining the defined retirement benefit obligations are given in note 9. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of defined benefit obligations.

The gratuity liability is not externally funded.

3.9.9.2 Short term benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

3.9.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the Statement of Profit or Loss net of any reimbursement.

3.9.11 Leases

Group as a lessor

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset is classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

3.9.12 Earnings per Share

The Group presents basic earnings per share (EPS) for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

3.9.13 Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared using the "indirect method". Finance costs paid is classified as an operating cash flow. Loan Repayments and Proceeds have been classified as financing cash flows.

Cash and Cash in hand and bank and short term deposits with a maturity of three months or less in the Statement of Financial Position comprise cash at banks and cash on hand and short term deposits.

3.9.14 Significant accounting Estimates, Judgments and Assumptions

The preparation of the Group's Consolidated Financial Statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

reported amount of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures, as well as the disclosure of contingent liabilities.

Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the Consolidated Financial Statements were prepared.

Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

a) Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. Refer to Note 9.

b) Owner Occupied Properties and Investment Property

In determining if a property qualifies as an Investment Property, the Group makes a judgment whether the property generates independent cash flows rather than cash flows that are attributable not only to the property but also other assets. Judgment is also applied in determining if ancillary services are significant, so that a property does not qualify as investment property.

c) Defined Benefit Plans

The cost of the retirement benefit plan of employees is determined using an actuarial valuation. The actuarial valuation is based on assumptions concerning the rate of interest, rate of salary increase, special premium, and retirement age and going concern of the Company. Due to the long term nature of the plan, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

d) Derecognition of a Subsidiary

As explained in note 2.4, Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd is under creditors' Voluntary liquidation. Section "337(2)" of Companies Act Number 7 of 2007 states, all the powers of directors shall cease when the liquidator is appointed under Creditors' Voluntary Liquidation. Accordingly, Mercantile Shipping Company PLC has no longer the power to control Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd. Therefore, the said subsidiary is derecognized from the consolidated financial statements with effect from 23 July 2020

3.9.15 Segmental Information

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. For management purposes, the Group is organised into one operating segment based on their services, which is rent income from investment property. Vessel operation is now classified as discontinued operations.

There are no significant components to be identified other than rent income in the group and those are the only significant businesses undertaking within the Group Companies.

This operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the management to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

4. EFFECTS OF SRI LANKA ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The standards and interpretations that are issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Group's financial statements are disclosed below. The Group intends to adopt these standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

Amendments to SLFRS 16 - COVID - 19 Related Rent Concessions

The amendments provide relief to lessees from applying SLFRS 16 guidance on lease modification accounting for rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 Pandemic.

As a practical expedient, a lessee may elect not to assess whether a Covid-19 related rent concession from a lessor is a lease modification. A lessee that makes this election accounts for any change in lease payments resulting from Covid-19 related rent concession the same way it would account for the change under SLFRS16, if the change were not a lease modification.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

The amendment applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 01 June 2020.

Amendments to SLFRS 3

The amendments update SLFRS 3 so that it refers to the 2018 Conceptual Framework instead of the 1989 Framework. They also add to SLFRS 3 a requirement that, for obligations within the scope of LKAS 37, an acquirer applies LKAS 37 to determine whether at the acquisition date a present obligation exists as a result of past events. For a levy that would be within the scope of IFRIC 21 Levies, the acquirer applies IFRIC 21 to determine whether the obligating event that gives rise to a liability to pay the levy has occurred by the acquisition date. Finally, the amendments add an explicit statement that an acquirer does not recognise contingent assets acquired in a business combination.

The amendments are effective for business combinations for which the date of acquisition is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Early application is permitted if an entity also applies all other updated references (published together with the updated Conceptual Framework) at the same time or earlier.

Amendments to SLFRS 7, SLFRS 9 and LKAS 39 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

The amendments to SLFRS 9 and LKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement provide a number of reliefs, which apply to all hedging relationships that are directly affected by interest rate benchmark reform. A hedging relationship is affected if the reform gives rise to uncertainty about the timing and/or amount of benchmark-based cash flows of the hedged item or the hedging instrument. These amendments have no impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group as it does not have any interest rate hedge relationships.

Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use - Amendments to LKAS 16

In March 2021, the ICASL adopted amendments to LKAS16-Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use, which prohibits entities deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment, any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognises the proceeds from selling such items, and the costs of producing those items, in profit or loss.

The amendment is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and must be applied retrospectively to items of property, plant

and equipment made available for use on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented when the entity first applies the amendment.

Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract - Amendments to LKAS 37

In March 2021, the ICASL adopted amendments to LKAS 37 to specify which costs an entity needs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making.

The amendments apply a "directly related cost approach". The costs that relate directly to a contract to provide goods or services include both incremental costs and an allocation of costs directly related to contract activities. General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. The Group will apply these amendments to contracts for which it has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which it first applies the amendments.

Amendments to LKAS 1: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

In March 2021, ICASL adopted amendments to paragraphs 69 to 76 of LKAS 1 which specify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments clarify:

- What is meant by a right to defer settlement
- That a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period
- That classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right
- That only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and must be applied retrospectively.

None of the new or amended pronouncements are expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the group in the foreseeable future.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

	Group		Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
5. REVENUE				
Revenue from contracts with customers - Management Fees	-	-	-	3,217,302
Rent Income	18,833,428	18,106,035	18,833,428	18,264,473
	18,833,428	18,106,035	18,833,428	21,481,775

	Group		Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
6. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS				
Gain/Loss on Asset Disposals	78,500	-	78,500	3,950,000
Dividend Income	19,992	3,927	19,992	2,035
Exchange Gain	-	42,604	-	204,411
Write Back of Liability	790,635	-	790,635	-
Fair Value gain on Equity Investments	391,629	-	391,629	-
	1,280,756	46,531	1,280,756	4,156,446

	Group		Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
7. FINANCE COST AND INCOME				
7.1 Finance Cost				
Interest on Term Loans and Overdrafts	223,789	3,105,984	223,789	1,597,897
	223,789	3,105,984	223,789	1,597,897
7.2 Finance Income				
Interest Income	2,885,286	4,757,205	2,885,286	3,327,828
	2,885,286	4,757,205	2,885,286	3,327,828

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

	Group		Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
8. PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS				
Included in Cost of Sales				
Stated after charging				
Depreciation - Investment Property	4,041,648	4,041,648	4,041,648	4,041,648
Included in Administrative Expenses				
Stated after charging				
Employee Benefits including the following ;				
- Defined Benefit Plan Costs - Gratuity	324,425	-	324,425	-
- Defined Contribution Plan Costs - (EPF and ETF)	444,450	509,436	444,450	509,436
- Salaries and Wages	3,921,521	3,921,521	3,921,521	3,921,521
Outsourced Accountancy fees- (from MESL)	-	4,402,219	-	4,402,219
Directors' Emoluments	2,640,000	2,550,000	2,640,000	2,550,000
Depreciation - Property, Plant and Equipment	32,943	15,537	32,943	15,537
Professional Fees	1,423,708	407,969	1,423,708	407,969
Audit Fees and Reimbursable Expenses	567,773	430,837	567,773	430,837
PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM DISCONTINUING OPERATIONS				
Included in Cost of Sales				
Stated after charging				
Employees Benefits including the following ;				
- Crew Staff Cost	-	180,618,814	-	-
Vessel Repair and Maintenance	-	87,621,488	-	-
Included in Administrative Expenses				
Stated after charging				
Employee Benefits including the following ;				
- Defined Benefit Plan Costs - Gratuity	-	7,648,251	-	4,402,219
- Defined Contribution Plan Costs - (EPF and ETF)	-	726,822	-	-
- Salaries and Wages	-	815,260	-	509,436
Audit Fees	-	6,106,169	-	3,892,783
Professional Fees	-	1,350,500	-	430,837
Foreign Exchange (Gain)/Loss	-	3,672,227	-	407,969
	-	(22,248,527)	41,715,627	-

	Group / Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
9. INCOME TAX EXPENSE		
The major components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 March are as follows :		
Current Income Tax		
Current Income Tax Expense for the Year (Note 9.1)	-	-
Under provision of Current Taxes in respect of Prior Years	-	1,958,002
Deferred Income Tax		
Deferred Tax Charge/(Reversal) for the Year (Note 9.2)	(138,122)	67,562
Total Income tax Charge/ (Reversal) for the Year	(138,122)	2,025,564

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

9.1 A reconciliation between income tax expense and the product of accounting profit/ (Loss) multiplied by the statutory tax rate is as follows;

	Group		Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
Accounting Profit/(Loss) Before Tax	2,795,778,050	378,548	176,197	3,644,195
Aggregate Disallowed Items	5,100,985	6,058,430	5,100,985	6,058,430
Aggregate Allowable Expenses and Other Income	(11,000,315)	(9,653,443)	(11,000,315)	(9,653,443)
Exempt income and losses claimed (Note 9.3)	-	(49,182)	-	(49,182)
Consolidated Adjustments	-	3,217,302	-	-
Business income	2,789,878,720	(48,345)	(5,723,133)	(0)
Interest income	2,884,784	4,757,205	2,884,784	3,327,828
Dividend Income	19,992	-	19,992	-
Less: Losses Claimed (Note 9.5)	(2,904,776)	(4,757,205)	(2,904,776)	(3,327,828)
Taxable income	-	-	-	-
Income Tax - 24% at Normal Rate (2020 - 28%)	-	-	-	-
Income Tax Expense reported in the Statement of profit or loss	-	-	-	-
(Over)/Under provision in respect of prior years	-	-	-	1,958,002
Deferred Tax Charge/(Reversal) for the Year	-	-	(138,122)	67,562
Income tax expenses reported in the income statement	-	-	(138,122)	2,025,564

9.2 Deferred Tax Assets, Liabilities and Income Tax Relates to the Followings

	Group / Company			
	Statement of Financial Position		Statement of Profit or Loss	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
Deferred Tax Liability				
Capital Allowances for Tax Purposes	179,777	85,921	93,856	67,562
	179,777	85,921	93,856	67,562
Deferred Tax Assets				
Brought Forward Tax Losses	-	-	-	-
Retirement Benefit Obligation	231,978	-	231,978	-
	231,978	-	231,978	-
Deferred Income Tax Charge/ (Reversal)	-	-	(138,122)	67,562
Net Deferred Tax (Asset)/Liability	(52,201)	85,921		

	Company / Group	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
9.3 Reconciliation of Deferred Tax Charge / (Reversal)		
Deferred Tax (Asset) Liability as 01 April	85,921	18,359
Deferred Tax Charge reported in the Statement of Profit or Loss	(138,122)	67,562
Deferred Tax Charge reported in Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
- Tax Effect of Asset Revaluation	-	-
Deferred Tax (Asset) /Liability as 31 March	(52,201)	85,921

Deferred tax was established at income tax rate of 24% (2020 - 28%)

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

	Group / Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
9.4 Reconciliation of Defferred Tax (Charge)/ Reversal - Company		
Defferred Tax (Charge)/Reversal On Other Temporary Differences Recognised Under Profit or Loss	(163,729)	67,562
Deferred tax effects from changes in tax rate recognized under Profit or Loss	25,608	
Defferred Tax (Charge)/Reversal On Other Temporary Differences Recognised Under Other comprehensive income	-	
Deferred tax effects from changes in tax rate recognized under Othrt Comprehensive income	-	
	(138,122)	67,562

	Group / Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
9.5 Tax Losses		
Tax Loss Brought Forward	15,605,181	18,982,191
Adjustment in respect of previous years	12,061	-
Tax Loss Incurred During the Year	5,723,133	-
Tax Loss Utilized During the Year	(2,904,776)	(3,377,010)
Tax Losses Carried Forward	18,435,599	15,605,181

The carried forward tax losses of the Group/Company amounting to Rs.18,435,599/- (2020 - Rs.15,605,181) is available for 5 years for offset against future statutory income of the Group, However deferred tax asset has not been recognized on the said carried forward tax losses as the Group/Company is unable to assess with reasonable certainty that the taxable profit would be available to recover the asset in the foreseeable future.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

10. BASIC/DILUTED EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings/(loss) per share is calculated by dividing the net profit/(loss) for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic earnings per share computations.

	Group		Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
Profit/(Loss) attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent				
Continuing Operations	2,795,916,171	(1,647,016)	314,318	1,618,631
Discontinued Operations	-	(199,305,899)	-	-
Profit/(Loss) attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent	2,795,916,171	(200,952,915)	314,318	1,618,631
Number of Ordinary Shares used as the Denominator	Number	Number	Number	Number
Weighted Average Number of Ordinary Shares in issue applicable to Basic Earnings Per Share	2,844,990	2,844,990	2,844,990	2,844,990
Basic/Diluted Earnings/(Loss) per Share from continuing operations	982.75	(0.58)	0.11	0.57
Basic/Diluted Earnings/(Loss) per Share from discontinuing operations	-	(70.06)	-	-

	Balance As at 01.04.2020 Rs.	Additions Rs.	Disposals Rs.	Transferred out	Balance As at 31.03.2021 Rs.
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11. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

11.1 Group

11.1.1 Gross Carrying Amounts

At Cost

Office Equipment	6,379,553	-	-	-	6,379,553
Motor Vehicles	6,834,750	-	168,842	6,490,918	174,990
Air-conditioning Equipment	13,236,178	-	-	-	13,236,178
Computers	2,084,530	215,750	-	-	2,300,280
Generator	925,000	-	-	-	925,000
Total Gross Carrying Amount	29,460,011	215,750	168,842	6,490,918	23,016,001

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

	Balance As at 01.04.2020 Rs.	Additions Rs.	Disposals Rs.	Transferred out	Balance As at 31.03.2021 Rs.
11.1.2 Depreciation					
At Cost					
Office Equipment	6,379,553	-	-	-	6,379,553
Motor Vehicles	6,834,750	-	168,842	6,490,918	174,990
Air-conditioning Equipment	13,236,178	-	-	-	13,236,178
Computers	2,084,530	32,943	-	-	2,117,473
Generator	925,000	-	-	-	925,000
Total Depreciation	29,460,011	32,943	168,842	6,490,918	22,833,193

	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
11.1.3 Net Book value		
At Cost		
Office Equipment	-	-
Motor Vehicles	-	-
Air-conditioning Equipment	-	-
Computers	182,807	-
Generator	-	-
Total Carrying Amount	182,807	-

11.1.4 During the financial year, the Group acquired Property, Plant and Equipment to the aggregate value of Rs. 215,750. (2020- Nil) for cash.

11.1.5 Consequent to a Board decision made vehicle No WP KN - 6298 was transferred to the chairman as a final tranche of his retirement package. The book value of the vehicle was zero and the market value at transferred date was Rs.4.2 Mn .

	Balance As at 01.04.2020 Rs.	Additions Rs.	Transferred out Rs.	Disposals	Balance As at 31.03.2021 Rs.
11.2 Company					
11.2.1 Gross Carrying Amounts					
At Cost					
Office Equipment	6,379,553	-	-	-	6,379,553
Motor Vehicles	6,834,750	-	168,842	6,490,918	174,990
Air-conditioning Equipment	13,236,178	-	-	-	13,236,178
Computers	2,501,197	215,750	-	-	2,716,947
Generator	925,000	-	-	-	925,000
Total Gross Carrying Amount	29,876,678	215,750	168,842	6,490,918	23,432,667

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

	Balance As at 01.04.2020 Rs.	Charge for the period Rs.	Transferred In Rs.	Disposals	Balance As at 31.03.2021 Rs.
11.2.2 Depreciation					
At Cost					
Office Equipment	6,379,553	-	-	-	6,379,553
Motor Vehicles	6,834,750	-	168,842	6,490,918	174,990
Air-conditioning Equipment	13,236,178	-	-	-	13,236,178
Computers	2,501,197	32,943	-	-	2,534,139
Generator	925,000	-	-	-	925,000
Total Depreciation	29,876,678	32,943	168,842	6,490,918	23,249,860

	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
11.2.3 Net Book value		
At Cost		
Office Equipment	-	-
Motor Vehicles	-	-
Air-conditioning Equipment	-	-
Computers	182,807	-
Generator	-	-
Total Carrying Amount	182,807	-

11.2.4 During the financial year, the company acquired Property, Plant and Equipment to the aggregate value of Rs. 215,750. (2020- Nil) for cash.

11.2.5 Consequent to a Board decision made vehicle No WP KN - 6298 was transferred to the chairman as a final tranche of his retirement package. The book value of the vehicle was zero and the market value at transferred date was Rs. 4.2 Mn .

11.2.6 Property, Plant & Equipment includes fully depreciated assets having a gross carrying amount of Rs. 23,216,917 (2020- Rs.29,876,678) that considered of individually insignificant items.

	Group / Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
12. INVESTMENT PROPERTY		
12.1 Cost		
As at 1 April	96,427,747	96,427,747
Additions made during the year	-	-
As at 31 March	96,427,747	96,427,747
12.2 Depreciation		
As at 1 April	47,748,260	43,706,612
Charge for the Year	4,041,648	4,041,648
As at 31 March	51,789,908	47,748,260
Net Book Value	44,637,840	48,679,488

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

As at 31 March	Group / Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
12.3 Amount recognised in the statement of profit or loss for the investment property		
Rental income from the investment property	18,833,428	18,264,473
Direct operating expenses for the investment property	1,011,703	974,747
Depreciation	4,041,648	4,041,648

As at 31 March	Group / Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
12.4 Leasing arrangements		
Minimum lease payments receivable on leases of investment property is as follows.		
Less than one year	19,594,999	18,833,428
One to two years	20,157,151	17,735,446
More than two years	-	-
	39,752,150	36,568,874

- 12.5** Fair values of the investment properties have been assessed by an independent incorporated professional valuer Mr.M.C.Abdul Malick on 02nd April 2021 and such fair value has been estimated as Rs.297,120,000/- on an Income basis. The significant assumptions used by the valuer in year 2020/2021 are same as the assumptions used in year 2019/2020. Fair value hierarchy is Level 3.

Significant unobservable valuation input:

	Property located at,	
	No.441, K Cyril C Perera Mawatha, Colombo 13.	No.108, Aluthmawatha Road, Colombo 15.
Land and Building - Value	Rs. 74,120,000	Rs. 223,000,000
Estimated Gross Income from Rent	Rs. 550,000 /- per month	Rs. 1,800,000 /- per month
Yield/discount rate	6%	6%

Significant increases/(decreases) in estimated price per square meter in isolation would result in a significantly higher/(lower) fair value.

- 12.6** Fair value of the investment property is ascertained by independent valuations carried out by Mr. M.C.A.Malick, a chartered valuer, who has recent experience in valuing properties of similar location and category. In determining the fair value of the building .The capitalization of net income method has been used, which is based upon assumptions including future rental income, anticipated maintenance costs, appropriate discount rate and in determine the fair value of land, make reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties, with appropriate adjustments for size and location. The appraised fair values are approximated within appropriate range of values.

The valuations of investment properties as at 31 March 2021 have been prepared on the basis of 'material valuation uncertainty' as recommended by The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors, a professional body promoting and enforcing international standards in valuation, management and development of land, real estate, construction and infrastructure, in order to highlight the difficulties in undertaking valuations in the current environment.

A 'material valuation uncertainty' statement implies the valuation is current at the date of valuation only and that less certainty and a higher degree of caution should be attached to the valuation. In addition, the valuation should be kept under frequent review as the assessed value may change significantly and unexpectedly over a relatively short period of time.

The outbreak of COVID-19, declared by the World Health Organisation as a "Global Pandemic" on 11 March 2020 which followed by second and third waves, has impacted both local and global markets. The recent outbreak in late April 2021 has led to sharp increase in the number of COVID-19 cases with in the country,distrupting islandwide travel restrictions, hence it is too premature to reasonably assess and estimate its full impact, and in the valuers' opinion, the value reflected as of 31 March 2021 represents the best estimate, while considering the effect of the pandemic to reasonable extent, which meets the requirements of SLFRS-13 Fair Value Measurement.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

12.7 Information on the Freehold Land and Buildings of the Group

Company	Address	Ownership	Extent	No. of Buildings	Included Under
Mercantile Shipping Company PLC	No.441, K Cyril C Perera Mawatha, Colombo 13.	Freehold	10.79 Perches	1	Investment Property
Mercantile Shipping Company PLC	No.108, Aluthmawatha Road, Colombo 15.	Freehold	25.20 Perches	1	Investment Property

	Country of Incorporation	Holding		2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
		2021 %	2020 %		
13. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES					
13.1 Non-Quoted					
Mercantile Global Shipping Limited	Sri Lanka	100%	100%	15,000,000	15,000,000
Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Private) Limited	Sri Lanka	100%	100%	237,646,078	237,646,078
				252,646,078	252,646,078
Less: Impairment of Investments				(237,646,078)	(237,646,078)
Total Carrying Value of Investment in Subsidiaries				15,000,000	15,000,000

13.2 Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd which is a fully owned subsidiary of the Mercantile Shipping Company PLC, is under the creditors' voluntary liquidation with effect from 23rd July 2020. Therefore, The Mercantile Shipping Company PLC has lost their controlling power over the Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd w.e.f. 23rd July 2020. Upon the loss of control over the Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd, the Group derecognised the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary. The gain arisen on the loss of control has been recognized in statement of profit or loss. The Parent Company had made a full provision for impairment of the Investment in Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd in 2015.

13.2.1 Gain on Loss of Control over Subsidiaries due to creditors' voluntary liquidation

	2021 Rs.
Cash and Bank Balances	4,369,244
Total Assets	4,369,244
Loans and Borrowings	2,702,705,900
Bank Overdrafts	739,884,044
Total Liabilities	3,442,589,944
Net Assets derecognised	(3,438,220,700)
Proceeds from creditor's voluntary liquidation	-
Gain on loss of Control	3,438,220,700
Reclassification adjustment made to foreign currency revaluation reserve	(642,560,597)
Net Gain on loss of control	2,795,660,103
Cash and bank balances of derecognised Subsidiary	4,369,244
Bank Overdrafts of of derecognised Subsidiary	(739,884,044)
	(735,514,800)

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

	Group		Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
14. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS				
14.1 Other Current Financial Assets				
Financial Assets at Fair Value through profit or loss				
Quoted Equity Shares (Note 14.1.1)	538,356	146,727	538,356	146,727
	538,356	146,727	538,356	146,727
Equity Instruments at Amortised Cost				
Fixed Deposits	38,485,541	35,620,697	38,485,541	35,620,697
	38,485,541	35,620,697	38,485,541	35,620,697
Total other current financial assets	39,023,897	35,767,424	39,023,897	35,767,424

	No. of Shares		Amount	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
14.1.1 Investments in Quoted Equity Securities				
Lanka Walltile PLC	14,280	3,570	538,356	146,727
	14,280	3,570	538,356	146,727

No of shares has been increased by 10,710 during the year as a result of Sub-division of voting shares of Lanka Walltiles PLC.

14.2 Fair value Measurement of Financial Instruments

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

-The fair value of the quoted shares is determined by reference to published price quotation in an active market.

14.2.1 Fair value hierarchy

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

As at 31 March 2021, the Group held the following financial instruments carried at fair value on the statement of financial position:

Financial Assets measured at fair value

	Total Rs.	Level 1 Rs.	Level 2 Rs.	Level 3 Rs.
As at 31 March 2021				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Quoted Equity Shares	538,356	538,356	-	-
As at 31 March 2020				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Quoted Equity Shares	146,727	-	146,727	-

During the reporting period ended 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020 there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

	Group		Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
15. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES				
Trade and Other Debtors	3,098,888	3,928,896	3,098,888	3,928,896
Refundable Deposits	992,500	992,500	992,500	992,500
Amounts Due from Related Parties (Note 15.1)	27,454	2,394,831	27,454	2,394,831
	4,118,842	7,316,227	4,118,842	7,316,227
VAT Receivables (Note 15.2)	9,605,625	9,605,625	9,605,625	9,605,625
	13,724,467	16,921,852	13,724,467	16,921,852

Trade debtors as at 31 March 2020 are neither past due and not impaired.

Relationship	Group		Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
15.1 Amounts Due from Related Parties				
Current				
Mercantile Marine Management Limited Affiliate	27,454	2,394,831	27,454	2,394,831
	27,454	2,394,831	27,454	2,394,831

15.2 The negotiations in respect of the VAT receivable with the Department of Inland Revenue is in progress to date.

Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents	Group		Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
16. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Favorable Cash and Cash Equivalent Balances				
Bank Balances	286,179	6,408,400	206,589	6,328,810
Cash and Cash Equivalents attributable to Discontinued Operations (Note 17)	-	4,369,244	-	-
	286,179	10,777,644	206,589	6,328,810
Unfavorable Cash and Cash Equivalent Balances				
Bank Overdraft (Note 19.1)	(485,793)	(1,008,981)	(485,793)	(1,008,981)
Bank Overdraft attributable to Discontinued Operations (Note 17)	-	(739,884,044)	-	-
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents for the Purpose of Statement of Cash Flows	(199,614)	(730,115,380)	(279,204)	5,319,831

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

17. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Private) Limited had its two vessels mortgaged to Norddeutsche Landesbank. As per clause 9.2 of the mortgage bond, the Bank took possession of the two vessels and executed the sale of the same accordingly. The sales proceeds were utilised to settle the mortgage loan, overdraft and related interest owed to the Bank. Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Private) Limited does not have sufficient resources to discharge its remaining obligations. Therefore, the directors of Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Private) Limited had decided to go for a creditor's voluntary liquidation with effect from 23rd July 2020. Therefore, the Mercantile Shipping Company PLC has lost their controlling power over the Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd w.e.f. 23rd July 2020. The statutory process of a Creditor's meeting and an Extra-ordinary General meeting was formally held and authorizations received accordingly. The Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd is waiting for an unconditional tax clearance to finalise the liquidation. Upon the loss of control over the Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd from 23rd July 2020, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary. The results of the Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Private) Limited for the period ended 23rd July 2020 are presented below

17.1 The results of Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Private) Limited for the period ended 23 July 2020/Year ended m1 March 2021 are presented below:

	Period from 01 April 2020 to 23 July 2020	Year ended 31 March 2020
Revenue	-	399,372,652
Cost of Sales	-	(351,710,095)
Gross Profit/(Loss)	-	47,662,558
Other Income	-	4,491,721
Administrative Expenses	-	(62,243,465)
Finance Cost	-	(189,216,713)
Loss before Tax	-	(199,305,899)
Income Tax Charge	-	-
(Loss) for the year	-	(199,305,899)

17.2 Assets And Liabilities Directly Associated With Discontinued Operations

	As at 23 July 2020	As at 31 March 2020
Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents- Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC LKR C/A	-	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents- Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC USD C/A	-	4,369,244
	-	4,369,244
Liabilities		
Interest Bearing Loans and Borrowings-Bank Loans	-	2,702,705,900
Interest Bearing Loans and Borrowings-Bank Overdraft - Norddeutsche Landesbank	-	736,102,072
Interest Bearing Loans and Borrowings-Bank Overdraft - Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC LKR C/A	-	3,781,972
	-	3,442,589,944

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

17.3 The net cash flows incurred by Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Private) Ltd are, as follows:

	Period from 01 April 2020 to 23 July 2020	Year ended 31 March 2020
Operating	-	(11,174,088)
Investing	-	-
Financing	-	-
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	(28,976,544)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow	-	(40,150,632)
Earnings per share		
Basic/Diluted, profit/(loss) for the year from discontinued operations	-	(70.06)

	2021		2020	
	Number	Rs.	Number	Rs.
18. STATED CAPITAL				
Fully Paid Ordinary Shares				
As at 1 April	2,844,990	37,262,606	2,844,990	37,262,606
As at 31 March	2,844,990	37,262,606	2,844,990	37,262,606

19. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

19.1 Group

Interest Bearing Loans and Borrowings

	2021 Amount Repayable Within 1 Year Rs.	2021 Amount Repayable After 1 Year Rs.	2021 Total Rs.	2020 Amount Repayable Within 1 Year Rs.	2020 Amount Repayable After 1 Year Rs.	2020 Total Rs.
Term Loans (Note 20.1.1)	-	-	-	3,100,000	-	3,100,000
Bank Overdraft (Note 17)	485,793	-	485,793	1,008,981	-	1,008,981
	485,793	-	485,793	4,108,981	-	4,108,981

19.2. Company

Interest Bearing Loans and Borrowings

	2021 Amount Repayable Within 1 Year Rs.	2021 Amount Repayable After 1 Year Rs.	2021 Total Rs.	2020 Amount Repayable Within 1 Year Rs.	2020 Amount Repayable After 1 Year Rs.	2020 Total Rs.
Term Loans (Note 19.2.1)	-	-	-	3,100,000	-	3,100,000
Bank Overdraft (Note 17)	485,793	-	485,793	1,008,981	-	1,008,981
	485,793	-	485,793	4,108,981	-	4,108,981

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

	Balance As at 01.04.2020 Rs.	Loans Obtained Rs.	Interest Rs.	Repayments of Capital and Interest Rs.	Balance As at 31.03.2021 Rs.
19.2.1 Term Loans					
Name of the Borrower					
Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC	3,100,000	-	81,799	(3,181,799)	-
	3,100,000	-	81,799	(3,181,799)	-

Terms of Loan Repayment : Within 6 years and 10 months including a grace period of 2 months with effect from July 2013.

Interest Rate : Interest is payable on monthly commencing from the first disbursement of loan funds at a rate of 15% (Fixed) p.a. on the reducing balance.

Securities : Floating Primary Mortgage Bond No 257 dated 04.11.2009 for Rs 30 Mn executed over the property bearing assessment No.108, Aluthmawatha, Colombo 15. depicted as Lot No 01 in the plan 2993.

Floating Secondary Mortgage Bond Rs. 10 Mn over the above property.
How ever, this mortgage was totally release upon fully settlement of the term loan in July 2020.

The term loan obtained from Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC was fully settled during the period.

	Group		Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
20. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATION				
Defined Benefit Obligation - Gratuity				
As of 01 April	1,536,150	-	1,536,150	-
Charge for the year	123,433	-	123,433	-
Interest for the year	56,916	-	56,916	-
Deficit charge for the year	144,076	-	144,076	-
Payments made during the year	(894,000)	-	(894,000)	-
Transferred from Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd	-	1,536,150	-	1,536,150.00
As of 31 March	966,575	1,536,150	966,575	1,536,150

The expenses are recognised in the following line items in the statement of profit or loss.

Administrative Expenses	324,425	-
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20.1 The valuation method used by the company is the "Projected Unit Credit Method", the method recommended by LKAS 19 - Employee benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

20.2 Principal assumptions used in determining the cost of retirement benefit are as follows

	Group/Company
	2021 Rs.
Discount rate as at 31 March	8.17%
Future salary escalation	5.00%
Retirement age	60 Years
Staff turnover rate	40%
Average remaining working life of employees	11 Years

20.3 Sensitivity of assumptions employed in retirement benefit valuation

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the key assumptions employed with all other variables held constant in the employee benefits liability measurement.

The sensitivity of the statement of comprehensive income and statement of financial position is the effect of the assumed changes in discount rate and salary increment rate on the profit or loss and employment benefit obligation for the year.

Increase/(decrease) in discount rate	Increase/(decrease) in salary escalation rate	Effect on the present value of defined benefit obligation	Group/Company 2021 Rs.
1%			(13,351)
-1%			13,705
	1%		13,989
	-1%		(13,879)

	Group		Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
21. OTHER PAYABLES				
Amounts Payable to Related Parties (Note 21.1)	-	-	28,533,507	28,589,773
Sundry Creditors including Accrued Expenses	11,270,414	17,450,645	11,233,230	17,415,445
VAT Payable	2,175,706	2,175,706	-	-
	13,446,120	19,626,351	39,766,737	46,005,218

	Relationship	Group		Company	
		2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
21.1 Other Payable- Related Parties					
Mercantile Global Shipping Limited	Subsidiary	-	-	28,533,507	28,589,773

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

22. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Group/Company

22.1 Capital Expenditure Commitments

The Company/Group does not have any significant capital commitments as at the reporting date.

22.2 Contingent Liabilities

The Group/Company does not have significant contingent liabilities as at the reporting date.

23. ASSETS PLEDGED

There were no assets pledged as at the year end 31 March 2021.

24. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

Group/Company

There have been no material events occurring after the reporting date that require adjustments to or disclosure in these Financial Statements.

Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd is awaiting an unconditional tax clearance to finalise the liquidation of the company.

Impact of COVID 19 outbreak

The quarantine curfew imposed by the government due to the third COVID-19 outbreak has so far not had an impact on the current operation of the company. Therefore, there are no material events which require adjustment for disclosure in the Financial Statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

25. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Group and Company carried out transactions in the ordinary course of business with the related entities.

Details of significant related party disclosures are as follows:

25.1 Transactions with Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Affiliates

Name of the Company and Relationship	Company						Group	
	Fully Owned Subsidiaries			Affiliates and Joint Ventures			Affiliates and Joint Ventures	
	Mercantile Global Shipping Ltd		Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd	Mercantile Marine Management Ltd				2021
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	Rs.	Rs.
Nature of Transaction								
As at 01 April	(28,589,773)	(28,648,460)	-	(995,048)	2,394,831	(675,052)	2,394,831	(3,185,030)
Management Fees Charged	-	-	-	3,217,302	-	-	-	-
Indirect Taxes on Management Fees Charged	-	-	-	493,839	-	-	-	-
Crew Wages Accrued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(103,862,602)
Settlement of Liabilities by the Company /on behalf of the Company	56,266	58,687	-	6,996,926	-	755,120	-	122,052,930
Other Expenses Charged	-	-	-	(9,909,525)	(175,979)	(107,309)	(175,979)	(14,934,053)
Rent Charged	-	-	-	-	14,445,928	12,802,379	14,445,928	12,802,379
WHT Charge on Rent	-	-	-	-	(115,337)	-	(115,337)	-
Settlement of Rent	-	-	-	-	(16,521,989)	(10,380,308)	(16,521,989)	(10,380,308)
Exchange Gain/Loss	-	-	-	196,505	-	-	-	(98,487)
As at 31 March	(28,533,507)	(28,589,773)	-	-	27,454	2,394,831	27,454	2,394,831
Included in								
Trade and Other Receivables (Note 15)	-	-	-	-	27,454	2,394,831	27,454	2,394,831
Trade and Other Payables (Note 21)	(28,533,507)	(28,589,773)	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(28,533,507)	(28,589,773)	-	-	27,454	2,394,831	27,454	2,394,831

Terms and Conditions of transactions with related parties

The transactions between related parties are made at commercial terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transaction. Outstanding balances at the year end are unsecured and interest free settlement occurred in cash.

Affiliates Includes Mercantile Marine Management Limited.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

25.2 Following Directors are also Directors of the Related Entities

Name Of the Director	Mercantile Shipping Company PLC (Parent Company)	Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Limited (Subsidiary Company)	Mercantile Global Shipping Limited (Subsidiary Company)	Mercantile Marine Management Limited (Affiliate Company)	Reederi Euan Freiderich GmbH (Affiliate Company)
H A R K Wickramatileka	√	-	√	-	-
Capt K Kriwat	√	-	√	-	-
T Kriwat	√	√	√	√	√
W.C.Jayasinghe	√	-	-	-	-
W.S.Weeraman	√	-	-	-	-
Ms C D A Peiris	√	√	-	-	-
Capt R E G Codipilly	√	-	-	√	-
M S P Gunawardena	√	-	-	-	-
P A Nandasena	√	-	-	-	-

26. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

26.1 Transactions with Key Management Personnel

The key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any Director (where executive or otherwise) of that entity.

	Group		Company	
	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
Key Management Personnel Compensation				
Short-term employee benefits	4,407,500	6,184,541	4,407,500	6,184,541
	4,407,500	6,184,541	4,407,500	6,184,541

Consequent to a Board decision made vehicle No WP KN - 6298 was transferred to the chairman as a final tranche of his retirement package. The book value of the vehicle was zero and the market value at transferred date was Rs.4.2 Mn .

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

In the Mercantile Shipping Company PLC , the risk is limited to the collectible investment income.

Risk Management Framework

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The Board has delegated its authority to the Audit Committee which is supported by the senior management in identifying, measuring and managing the risk of the Group.

The Audit committee meets quarterly at a minimum to review and assess the Group's overall risks and to focus on policy recommendations and strategies and the Board of Directors are duly updated of its activities.

The Group is exposed to liquidity Risk , credit risk , Interest rate risk foreign exchange rate risk and Quoted Equity Price Risk.

Liquidity Risk

Group needs to ensure that sufficient cash flows are available for its daily operations and repayment of long term borrowings. Therefore, the Group's financial management practices forecast and keep a track on cash flow movements so that possible issues could be identified in advance. Currently the Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd which is the fully owned subsidiary of Mercantile Shipping Company PLC is in liquidation. Therefore , we do not foresee any liquidity risk in the future.

The table below summarizes the maturity profiles of the Group/Company financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

	On Demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Rs. '000						
As at 31 March 2021						
Group						
Interest Bearing loans and Borrowings from continued operations	486	-	-	-	-	486
Interest Bearing loans and Borrowings from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Payables	13,446	-	-	-	-	13,446
Other Payables from Discontinued Operations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Company						
Interest Bearing loans and Borrowings	486	-	-	-	-	486
Other Payables	39,767	-	-	-	-	39,767

Notes to the Financial Statements (Contd...)

Year ended 31 March 2021

	On Demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Rs. '000						
As at 31 March 2020						
Group						
Interest Bearing loans and Borrowings from continued operations	-	4,109	-	-	-	4,109
Interest Bearing loans and Borrowings from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Payables	21,056	-	-	-	-	21,056
Other Payables from Discontinued Operations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Company						
Interest Bearing loans and Borrowings	-	4,109	-	-	-	4,109
Other Payables	47,435	-	-	-	-	47,435

Credit Risk

The Group has exposure to credit risk through its rent income. Rent income is collected between 1-2 week in the relevant month as per rent agreements. The Group does an extensive and continuous evaluation of credit worthiness of its customers by assessing historical information about default rates and changing the credit limits and payment terms where necessary. This has helped mitigating credit risk at large.

Impact of COVID 19 on Credit risk

The group does not expect any significant risks of debtor defaults due to COVID - 19 outbreak. Since the debtor is bound by agreements no credit risk has been identified at the reporting date.

Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk

The Group is not exposed to interest rate risk since the Mercantile Emerald Shipping (Pvt) Ltd is under liquidation. The Term Loan obtained by Mercantile Shipping Company PLC from Commercial Bank was liquidated in July 2020.

Foreign exchange rate risk

The Group is not exposed to foreign exchange rate risk since there would be no foreign operations in the future.

Quoted Equity Price Risk

The company has invested in listed equity shares which are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities. However, since the investment is not material, the equity price is not material to the financial statements at 31 March 2021.

Capital management

Capital includes equity attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. The Group has debt in its capital structure amounting to Rs. 3,661 Mn. (2020 - Rs. 4,443 Mn)

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020.

Shareholders Information

Directors Shareholding as at 31 March	2021	2020
Thomas Kriwat (Director / Alternate Director to Capt.Klaus Kriwat)	Nil	Nil
Captain Klaus Kriwat	Nil	Nil
Hettiarachchige Ranjith Kumara Wickramatileka	11,414	11,414
Charmaine Divinia Anne Peiris	Nil	Nil
Capt. Rohan Edward Guy Codipilly	4,162	4,162
Mallawarachchige Sarathchandra Perera Gunawardena	Nil	Nil
Panambara Arachchilage Nandasena	Nil	Nil
Widanalage Chithra Jayasinghe	Nil	Nil
Wineendra Sudhammika Weeraman	Nil	Nil

Public Shareholding as at 31 March 2021

Issued Shares (Ordinary Shares)		2,844,990
(a) Parent, subsidiary or associate entities or any subsidiaries or associates of its Parent Entity		
(b) Directors of the entity, their spouses, their close family members		
H A R K Wickrematileka	(11,414)	
Capt. Rohan Edward Guy Codipilly	(4,162)	(15,576)
(c) Chief Executive Officer and his close family members		-
(d) Key management Personnel and their close family members		-
(e) Any party acting in concert with the parties set out in 1,2,3 & 4		-
(f) Shares that have been allotted to employees, whereby the shares of the entity are, directly or indirectly controlled by the management or the majority shareholder of the Entity.		
(g) Shares that are in a locked account with the CDS due to statutory or regulatory requirement other than the shareholders exempted under (8) below.		
(h) Entities, Single shareholders or Single shareholders jointly or severally holding 10% or more (5% for Dirisavi Board)		
Reederei Eugen Friederich	(1,155,352)	
Mercantile Marine Management Ltd	(593,580)	(1,748,932)
Public Holding		<u>1,080,482</u>
Public Holding %		37.98%
No.of public Shareholders		760
Total number of shareholders representing the public holding		1,080,482
Float - Adjusted Market Capitalization (Rs.)		78,118,848.60

The Company complies with option 5 of the Listing Rules 7.13.1 (a) – Less than Rs.2.5Bn Float Adjusted Market Capitalization which requires 20% minimum Public Holding.

Shareholders Information (Contd...)

Analysis of Share Holders According to the No of Shares (Local /Foreign)

Description	Local Holders	Foreign Holders	Local Shares	Foreign Shares	Local %	Foreign %
1 To 1000 Shares	735	4	44,694	192	1.57%	0.01%
1001 To 10000 Shares	19	0	78,659	0	2.76%	0.00%
10001 To 100000 Shares	1	0	11,414	0	0.40%	0.00%
100001 To 1000000 Shares	3	1	1,316,420	238,259	46.27%	8.37%
OVER 1000000 Shares	0	1	0	1,155,352	0.00%	40.61%
	758	6	1,451,187	1,393,803	51.01%	48.99%

Analysis of Share Holders According to the No of Shares (Company /Member)

Trading Prices at the Colombo Stock Exchange	2021		2020
	Date	Rs.	Rs.
Closing Price for the year ended 31st March	31st March 2021	72.30	47.30
Highest price during the year ended 31st March	07th Jan 2021	114.50	75.00
Lowest price during the year ended 31st March	09th June 2020	39.00	35.40

Top 20 Share Holders as at 31st March 2021

Name of the Shareholder	No.of Shares	%
Reederei Eugen Friederich Gmbh Schiffahrtsgesellschaft	1,155,352	40.61
Mercantile Marine Management Limited	593,580	20.86
Hemas Holdings Plc	484,334	17.02
Ceylon Shipping Corporation Limited	238,506	8.38
State Street Munich C/O Ssbt-Deg-Deutsche Investitions-Und Entwicklungsgesellschaft Mbh	238,259	8.37
Mr. Hetti Arachchige Ranjith Kumara Wickramatileka	11,414	0.40
People'S Leasing & Finance Plc/L.P.Hapangama	9,100	0.32
Abc Capital Corporation Ltd	8,590	0.30
Mr. Vallipuram Satyendra	8,587	0.30
T R L Holdings (Pvt) Limited	7,503	0.26
Mr. Jaliya Jayampathi Lokeshwara	6,335	0.22
Merchant Bank of Sri Lanka & Finance Plc/S Gobinath	6,250	0.22
Mr. Kulappuarachchige Don Dammika Perera	4,778	0.17
Mr. Rohan Edward Guy Codipilly	4,162	0.15
Miss Amitha Sumithra Ranasinghe	3,804	0.13
Mr. Ginige Cyril Walter De Silva (Deceased)	3,424	0.12
Mr. Gajath Chrysantha Goonetilleke	3,210	0.11
Arrow International (Pvt) Ltd A/C No.1	3,000	0.11
Mr. Sinniah Sellathurai Sithambaranathan	1,791	0.06
Mr. Don Anton Priyantha Dematagoda	1,600	0.06
	2,793,579	98.19
Other Shareholders	51,411	1.81
Total Issued Capital	2,844,990	100

Five Years Summary

		2020/2021	2019/2020	2018/2019	2017/2018	2016/2017
Turnover	Rs.	18,833,428	18,227,910	18,106,035	415,058,374	703,298,702
Profit	Rs.	2,795,916,171	(443,454,164)	(1,059,606,801)	(371,790,616)	(365,351,545)
Reserves	Rs.	48,766,552	(2,747,149,618)	(2,546,196,703)	(1,753,484,569)	(1,422,695,999)
Net Assets	Rs.	86,029,158	(3,352,447,608)	(2,908,993,445)	(1,849,386,643)	(1,477,596,027)
ROCE	%	75.03	(11.90)	(28.44)	(9.98)	(9.80)
EPS	Rs.	982.75	(70.63)	(278.63)	(116.27)	(98.28)
P/E Ratio	times	0.07	(0.67)	(0.25)	(0.68)	(0.72)
Dividend Per Share	Rs.	-	-	-	-	-
Net Asset per Share	Rs.	30.24	(1,178.37)	(1,022.50)	(650.05)	(519.37)

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

MERCANTILE SHIPPING COMPANY PLC 40TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Dear Shareholder/s,

Considering the prevailing situation in the country and the restrictions enforced by the Government of Sri Lanka, the Board of Directors of Mercantile Shipping Company PLC (Company) has decided as per the issuance of guidelines by the CSE and legal advice received thereon, to proceed with the AGM using audio visual technology on 28th September 2021 as per the Notice of Meeting of the AGM.

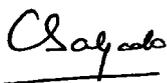
Please note the following procedure to be adopted in terms of the same;

1. The AGM will be held in compliance with the principles set out in the Guidelines issued by the CSE for the hosting of virtual Annual General Meetings.
2. Only the key officials who are essential for the administration of the formalities of the meeting will be physically present at the venue. All Shareholders, will participate via the online meeting platform. This measure is being adopted to observe "social distancing" requirements to mitigate the danger of spreading the virus (COVID 19).
3. Adequate arrangements will be made for Shareholders who wish to participate in the AGM via the online meeting platform, with log-in information being forwarded to shareholders in advance of the meeting. In order to enable such facilities, Shareholders who wish to participate in the meeting are requested to forward us their details as per the attached Pre Registration Form (Annexure I) and/or Proxy (Annexure II), as applicable.
4. The Notice of Meeting, Form of Proxy, Form of Pre-Registration and the request for printed Annual Report along with the Annual Report of the Company, are made available on the official website of the Company (<https://www.mercmarine.net/MSCLAGM2021/>) and on the website of the Colombo Stock Exchange (CSE) (<https://www.cse.lk>) for information and necessary action by the Shareholders.
5. Shareholders will be given opportunity to raise any questions or comments on the matters listed on the Agenda for the meeting.
6. Voting on the items on the Agenda will be registered by using an online platform or a designated ancillary online application. All of such procedures will be explained and shared with the Shareholders with the log in information forwarded in advance of the meeting.
7. All documents relating to the AGM must be forwarded to ishani@msl.lk or to the registered office of the Company Secretary, not less than forty eight hours prior to the date of the AGM.

For any queries regarding any of the documents sent, please contact the Company Secretaries, Ms. Ishani Malmuthu on Tel:0112015942 or 0703667861.during normal office hours.

The Board wishes to thank the Shareholders of the company for their unwavering cooperation and support to ensure a smooth and uninterrupted process at this Annual General Meeting of the Company.

By Order of the Board



MERCANTILE SHIPPING COMPANY PLC
MANAGERS AND SECRETARIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED
(Ms.) C. Salgado
Director/Secretaries

26th August 2021

MERCMARINE

GROUP OF COMPANIES

Propelled by Passion

Mercantile Shipping Company PLC

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